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THE SAILOR-MAN.

Sure a terrible time I was out o' the way,
over the sea, over the sea,
Till I come back to Ireland one sunny day,
Bedther for me, bedther for me!
The first time me foot got the feel of the ground,
I was shtrolling along in an Irish city
I just heard its squill the world around
For the air that is sweet, an' the girls that are pretty.

Light on their feet now they passed me and sped,
Give you me word, give you me word!
Every girl had a turn o' the head
Just like a bird, just like a bird.
An the lashes so thick round their beautiful eyes,
Shtruv to tell ye 'twas fair time o' day wi' them;
Back in me heart wit' a kind o' surprise,
I think how the Irish girls has the way wi' them!

Och, man alive! but it's little ye know
That never was there, never was there—
Look where ye like for them, long may ye go—
What do I care? what do I care?
Plenty as blackberries where will ye find
Rare pretty girls, not by two nor by three o' them?
Only just there where they grow, d'ye mind,
Still like the blackberries, more than ye see o' them.

Long, long away, an' no matther how far
'Tis the girls that I miss, girls that I miss,
Women are roun' ye wherever ye are,
Not worth a kiss, not worth a kiss.
Over in Ireland many's the one—
Sweeter than anythin' under the sun,
Och, but the Irish girls has the way wi' them!

—Moira O'Neill, in Blackwood's Magazine.

HANNAH MATILDA'S WEDDING CAKE.

BY DOROTHY LEONARD.

"Yes, I was determined Hannah Matilda should have the best cake to be had!" said Mrs. Benson, as she opened the oven door and looked in at the beans. "Guess I may as well take 'em out," she continued; "some folks like their beans baked to a crisp; we like 'em brown but not overdone."

"I'm sure your beans are always most delicious, Mis' Benson," answered her visitor. "I like 'em myself, but down to our house I most have to learn 'em to suit! I suppose your Hannah can turn her hand to most anything in plain cooking?"

"Yes, indeed! there ain't nothing in that line Hannah don't understand, plain or fancy; but a weddin' cake, why, that's kind o' different, you see, and me and Benson made up our minds that our only child should have the very best. It's going to be from a first-rate city confectioner's, and I don't feel any doubt but it'll more than suit."

Mrs. Prentice set her thin lips together and made no answer for a minute or two, then she said: "Well, it ain't the first time it's been tried in these parts, a makin' the wedding cake out o' the house! Some folks think it bad luck, and, though I'm no believer in such things myself, I shan't try it for Sarah."

"Why, do tell!" exclaimed Mrs. Benson. "I didn't know Sarah was keepin' company with anyone. Hannah, to her daughter, who had just entered, "did you hear what Mis' Prentice said? Now, Mis' Prentice, do tell us all about it."

"I don't know as I said Sarah was a-keepin' company with anyone. I said I should make her wedding cake myself."

"Well, but is she keeping company? And who's the fellow?" demanded Hannah, placing herself directly in front of Mrs. Prentice, with her arms akimbo.

The poor woman who stung by jealousy, had implied more than she meant, sat silent. There was now no way out of her difficulty but to say that Sarah was not having any attention; and she would rather die than say that before that saucy Hannah Matilda Hannah, who had enticed Jerry Rogers away from Sarah, and who gloried in the deed. Sarah's sweet, delicate face, with its wistful blue eyes, rose up before her so different from Hannah's, and she felt sure that if her daughter had been the only child of so rich a farmer as Benson, Rogers would never have left her.

"Well?" said Hannah, impatiently.

The thought of the Benson riches was uppermost in Mrs. Prentice's mind and again she spoke unwisely. "I guess whatever young man is showing my daughter attention, she didn't have to use money to entice him away from another girl!"

Hannah, who well knew that she could not compare with Sarah in looks, flushed crimson. "I understand," she exclaimed; "you're just pretending so that I won't think Sarah is dyin' of a broken heart!"

Mrs. Benson, whose attention since Hannah's entrance had been absorbed by the beans, started and upset half of them. "Hannah Matilda!" she cried, "what can you be thinkin' of, to use such words to Mis' Prentice in this house?"

"Well, ma, why can't she answer, instead o' beatin' about the bush so? Now," to Mrs. Prentice, "is Sarah engaged or not?"

"Yes!" and for the first time in her life Mrs. Prentice had told a lie.

She sat, too overcome and dazed to notice anything as Mrs. Benson put the beans that had fallen on the table into a dish and directed Hannah to sweep up those spilled over the floor. Fortunately to her, she was not called on to say much, as Mrs. Benson, mortified at Hannah's rude behavior, tried to smooth things over by talking incessantly; and Hannah, anxious to show that she was not jealous of her rival, brought on various articles from her trousseau and displayed them proudly to Mrs. Prentice, advising her how to have it is and that made for Sarah. Every word cut the poor woman to the heart, and the lie loomed up more black and fearful before her. Dimly she noticed the dainty embroideries and laces, and the marking she remembered that marking afterwards, Hannah Matilda Rogers, not Benson. Mrs. Benson paused for a moment in her preparations for supper. "Must notice that marking, will you Mrs. Prentice? She done every stitch of that herself; an' you see it's the French style, not that Kensington outline. Look how handsome the R is, with all those little flowers entwined around it! There, Matilda, that's your pass step; now cut the cake and I will have supper."

Mrs. Prentice rose and tottered to the door.

"Why, Mis' Prentice! What's the matter?" cried Mrs. Benson.

"I guess I'd better be goin'," said Mrs. Prentice in a low choking voice.

"Now, Mis' Prentice, you ain't a-goin' to mind what I said?" asked Hannah.

"What?"

"You ain't angry?"

"No, I don't mind anything; I'm a-goin' home." She opened the door and stepped out, bareheaded and cloakless; but Mrs. Benson ran after her and caught her by the arm. "Mary Eliza Prentice! you'll catch your death, in this bleak March wind! You know Benson was goin' to drive you back after supper, but if you want to go now, come get your things on and sit and get warm while they hitch up." She allowed herself to be led back and seated by the stove, while Hannah ran to the bedroom for her wraps and Benson went out and gave orders to the hired man to harness as quickly as possible.

"Can't you drink this cup o' tea?" asked Mrs. Benson, anxiously. "Why you're a-trembling all over! What is the matter?"

"It's nothing but a spell, Mis' Benson," said the poor woman, hoarsely. "I can't take any tea—I must be gettin' home." Hannah helped her on with her wraps and led her to the door.

It seemed years to Mrs. Prentice since she had crossed that same threshold, an honest, truthful woman, to spend the afternoon and take tea with her friend; she passed out now with the burden of a lie upon her soul.

"I guess I wouldn't try to make her talk any, pa," said Benson's wife to him, "just drive her home as quick as you can."

"I can't make out what took her so sudden," she said to her daughter as they went back into the house.

"I don't know, I'm sure," replied Hannah, "but I'm glad she was able to get home. It would have been dreadful awkward, with Jerry coming this evening, to have to keep her here."

By the time Mrs. Prentice reached home she felt a little better. One can become accustomed to almost anything—even to telling lies. "There ain't any way out of it now," she kept saying to herself. "I've just got to bear it. Perhaps Sarah will get engaged to someone before the year is out, and then they'll never suspect."

Benson helped her out carefully, and insisted on leaving his horse and going with her to the door. "Seems to me you're a little smarter, Mis' Prentice, said he. "I guess the fresh air done you good."

"Yes, I guess it did," she answered, and as she said it felt a fresh pang—for it was not the truth.

As the days passed by, Mrs. Prentice was struck with Sarah's cheerful manner. She went frequently to the woods for mayflowers and came back with rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes. "She certainly doesn't care any more about Jerry Rogers," thought her mother; "there may be some one else she's a-thinkin' of, or I don't see how she can be so cheerful when Hannah's marriage is so near. I just feel in my bones that it'll all come right."

The wedding day came at last, and like one in a dream, Mrs. Prentice found herself seated in the Bensons' parlor, near the window, waiting for the minister. She had been among the first to arrive, for she knew that Jerry's desertion of Sarah would be the principal theme of conversation if her back were turned. Sarah, of course, was not present; but she had begged her mother to go, and Mrs. Prentice was sure that she had seen tears in her eyes when she bade her goodby. "I'm so afraid she does care after all," she said to herself. "I'm just glad I did tell Hannah Matilda that lie!" The past week had hardened Mrs. Prentice, and she looked her neighbors boldly in the face and talked volubly about Hannah's trousseau. The minister arrived promptly at 2 o'clock, but still the guests sat waiting.

"I guess it's a-goin' to be something out of the ordinary," said one woman at last. "Do you know, I jest went into the other room to look at the clock, and it's goin' on to 3."

"We all know it's late enough," answered another woman who sat near Mrs. Prentice in the bay window, "but I guess you ain't given the right reason. I've been a-sittin' by this window steady ever since I came in, and Jerry Rogers ain't arrived yet! No one can make me believe he has."

The guests all started and looked at each other in amazement, then sought conference with her nearest neighbor.

"I shouldn't say it to others, Mis' Prentice," whispered the one who had spoken last, leaning over and laying a black-mitted hand on Mrs. Prentice's arm, "but I don't feel no confidence that he intends to turn up. I always thought Hannah caught him a-aimst his will, and he ain't the kind that can say no to a body's face." Mrs. Prentice turned a white, scared countenance upon her. "You don't think, you don't mean—" she said, below her breath, but she never finished the sentence, for the door burst open, and Hannah Matilda stood, in all the splendor of bridal array, before them. Her veil was thrown back (showing her large, plain features, white as marble), and her hands, in their tight white gloves, clutched nervously at the folds of her rich satin skirt—almost as if seeking support under some new horror. Her eyes scanned the frightened faces before her, one by one, until they fell on the group in the bay window; then singling out Mrs. Prentice she screamed: "Oh, you wicked, deceitful woman! I wanted to know whether you had dared to come here, before I asked my guests to come out and try my wedding cake. Here," extending one hand with a crumpled paper toward her, "yes, you'd better take and read it, though you already know it well enough. And I just blame you more 'an I do Sarah—yes, I do! To come sneaking here the other day, pretending sick!" Her voice rose to a scream, and the minister forced his way through the crowd of women, some of whom were sobbing with fright, and laid his hand upon her arm. "Miss Hannah," he said, kindly but firmly, "you forget yourself in speaking so to this good woman."

Hannah Matilda turned toward him like a child with no idea of concealment. "See!" she said, her lip beginning to tremble, "this note's just been left at the back door. It's from Jerry Rogers, and he and Sarah Prentice left on the 2.30 train for Boston, 'cause he couldn't speak out plain to a body's face. And that woman knew and planned it all; that's what I mind." The strain she had put upon herself had been already too much, and the last words were hardly above a whisper. All eyes were turned toward her, and Mrs. Prentice was quite forgotten. She now tottered forward, stretching out her trembling hands. "It's that lie I told! It's that lie! Oh, if I'd never told it, she wouldn't think I had known! Oh," she went on, catching her breath, "I told you, Hannah Matilda, as Sarah was a-keepin' company cause I was so jealous. And, oh, what I've suffered this week! I wouldn't live through it again for any money."

Hannah turned her eyes upon Mrs. Prentice, and her expression seemed to soften a little, but she made no reply. For a few seconds there was a breathless silence, then Hannah turned toward the others. "I want you all to come out and have a slice of my wedding cake," she said, adding with some spirit, "it came from a first rate city confectioner's, and it'll taste just as good as if there were a dozen weddings."

"Oh, my child, my child," sobbed Mrs. Benson, who had crept up behind her, "don't talk so!" Hannah paid no attention to her, but turned and led the way to the dining room followed by all except Mrs. Prentice and the minister, who saw that he was no longer needed.

"I think the best thing for you and me, Mrs. Prentice," said he kindly, "is to be getting home. My buggy is waiting for me, and I can leave you on my way."

She allowed herself to be led out and helped in without a word, and the minister had unfastened his horse and was just climbing in when he was startled by a cry: "Wait! wait!" He turned quickly and saw Hannah Matilda running down to the gate, her ample train over her arm. "Here!" she gasped. "Here, Mis' Prentice!" and she thrust a parcel, wrapped in a napkin, into her lap. "It's some of the wedding cake," she added softly, "and there's a piece in there for Sarah." She turned and hurried back as abruptly as she had come, and the minister saw her tall figure disappearing in at the door as he drove away.—Atlanta Constitution.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Something like intelligence is often exhibited by plants. If during a dry season, a bucket of water be placed near a growing pumpkin or melon, in the course of a few days it will turn from its course, and get at least one of its leaves in the water.

A whistle that can be heard forty miles has just been invented. It consists of three whistles made of bronze and arranged between two disks of steel. The mouth of the largest is turned upward, and the mouths of the other two are turned downward; the steam is carried through some openings in the disks. The whistles are tuned in chord, and they harmonize as accurately as a well-tuned piano. The sound emitted is quite soft and low.

Two remarkable children are those of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Cartmill of Owingsville, Ky. They are Della May, aged 3; weight, 180 pounds, and Willie, aged 4; weight, 210 pounds. At birth the elder weighed 8 pounds and the younger 7. They grew so rapidly the people for miles went to see them. They are perfectly healthy, but sleep more than half the time. Mr. and Mrs. Cartmill are people of ordinary size. Mr. Cartmill is quite tall, but his weight is not more than 160 pounds at any time. He is a huckster, and although he attempts to reduce his children by dieting, they continue to grow despite his efforts.

A ghastly, but nevertheless unique, musical instrument from far-off Paraguay was among the curios offered for sale in a London auction room in the West End. It consists of a human skull, the upper part of which is cut away, the skin which covers the instrument as well as the hair ornamentation being taken from the same victim. From the back of the skull two pieces of wood project joined at the ends by a cross piece. The strings are carried from the forehead to this cross-piece of wood, and the repulsiveness of the tout ensemble is still further enhanced by the jaws being movable. This singular fantasy in musical instruments is the work of a South American Indian.

Lyle Smith, son of Deputy Sheriff Frank Smith, of Sycamore, Ind., is dead. He was born with imperfect valves of the heart, so that the venous and arterial blood was not separated. This caused his complexion to be extremely susceptible to the changes of the weather. In pleasant weather he was of a fair color, but when a storm was about to gather he would begin to show signs of changing before the storm was visible, and gradually became blue, the venous blood predominating. Eminent physicians everywhere have studied his case, and predicted his early death. Fourteen years of life was the limit assigned to him, but he lived to see thirty years. His imperfect heart and his peculiar changes with the weather never affected him mentally, and he was one of the brightest, best, well-read young men of the town, though never strong physically.

Sizing Him Up.

"Broadminded as Wilkins usually is, he certainly has very narrow views on one or two subjects."

"He doesn't always agree with you, then?"—Chicago Post.

GERMANS ARE ANXIOUS.

UNITED STATES TRADE RIVALRY WORRIES THEM.

They Are Not Only Losing the American Market For Their Own Products, But Are Suffering From Competition in the World's Markets.

The German Chambers of Commerce are manifesting deep concern on the subject of the outlook for trade with the United States. Our Vice-Consul-General at Frankfort, Mr. Hanauer, has transmitted to the State Department several reports of these commercial bodies which betray not a little anxiety at the prospect of losing the biggest of all markets for German products. The Frankfort Chamber of Commerce draws attention to the fact that

"To-day the United States looms up as the greatest producer of breadstuffs, and with all the factors of gigantic development in metal production. It has already attained such a position in all branches of industrial power as to enable it to boldly take up the gauntlet of competition in the international arena. Germany has no special treaty with the United States; the most-favored-nation clause is the basis of the mutual trade, but this presupposes that both nations maintain toward each other such tariffs as not to make the change of goods prohibitory. The Dingley tariff has affected German exports inimically. Germany's imports from the United States in 1898 exceeded those of the previous year in twenty-five leading lines, whereas she exported to the United States considerably less in twenty important lines than in 1897. The question arises, Is the most-favored-nation clause without a tariff reduction on the part of the United States of any value to us?"

The Dresden Chamber of Commerce notes the fact that owing to the advantages enjoyed in specializing and subdividing the manufacture of articles, in the immense capital employed in every branch of trade, and in the cleverness of American consular officials, "the United States is enabled to sell at lower prices, though paying higher wages than its European rivals," and adds:

"The opinion is prevalent in various quarters that if the present tariff continues we must familiarize ourselves with the thought that our export to the United States will some day cease altogether, and that if we want to do business with that country we must establish branch factories there."

The Chamber of Commerce of Hagen, a centre of iron and steel manufacturing, puts forth a dismal wail regarding the strained conditions which exist in the wire and wire-tack trade, all because of the competition of the United States:

"The iron trade there has developed in a stupefying manner, making the country a productive power of the first-class. The condition of this trade in Germany has, during the last year, grown more and more unfavorable, because the Americans have steadily taken possession of the markets in Japan, China and Australia, which heretofore had been supplied mainly by German products. The prices abroad have at the close of the year declined so low that even German works that produce rolled-wire have to give up taking contracts, on account of the cost of the raw material. Nor is the outlook for the lately established wire-tack trust at all auspicious, as it must submit to heavy sacrifices in order to snatch at least a few orders from the claws of American competition."

Solingen's complaint is that its cutlery industry is in a bad way, "because, owing to the closing of the American market, the competition at home has become so intense as to undermine prices, diminish profits, and produce a decline in the quality of the goods made. The manufacture of scythes, it is noted, was sufficiently active; but in the future this branch is threatened by the increasing import of American grass mowers."

Thus we find that in many lines of industrial activity German producers suffer seriously because of the competition of the United States—first, in the invasion of the German home market; second, in the invasion of competing markets upon which Germany has heretofore had a firm hold; and, third, in the diminished demand for many of Germany's products in the valuable American market. It is a condition not likely to be improved by any reciprocal treaties which the United States will be willing to make, and still less prospect of relief is apparent in the direction of tariff modifications. The United States some time ago ceased making tariffs for the benefit of foreign competitors. There is, however, one possible help for Germany—that suggested in the report of the Dresden Chamber of Commerce, viz., to establish branch factories in the United States. Many European manufacturers have already yielded to this necessity, and more are coming.

Tin Plate Prices.

Every one knows that tin plate has advanced considerably in price within the present year. The Democratic theorists claim that the advance in the United States is due incidentally to the tin plate trust and primarily to the tariff, it being their theory that a protective tariff is a promoter of trusts.

Now let us look at the prices which the Welsh tin plate manufacturers receive. They now obtain $1.45 a box more than they did in January last. This is a greater advance than has been made in the United States.

We respectfully ask our Democratic friends to explain this. If the protective tariff and the trust caused the advance in the prices of tin plate in the United States, what caused a greater advance in price in Wales, where there is no tariff at all? We pause for reply.—Toledo Blade.

Politics and Business.

It is possible, of course, that business may be somewhat unfavorably affected by the political battle of next year, this being a not uncommon experience in the year of Presidential contest, but the danger of this will be reduced to a minimum if events shall be such as to create general confidence in Republican success. Let the financial and commercial interests of the country feel well assured of another Republican triumph and the national campaign will have little effect upon business.—Omaha Bee.

GRACE'S RECANTATION.

Collapse of a Time-Honored Plank in Democratic Platform.

All honor to this Democrat (ex-Mayor W. R. Grace, of New York) who is sensible enough to appreciate the logic of events and honest enough to admit it. And there are others, in fact, the country is full of them. The Dingley tariff and the McKinley administration have been steadily demonstrating the soundness of the national policy of protection, and the way of the tariff reformer in 1900 will be harder than ever.

The Journal of Commerce, an independent non-political paper, said a few days ago that the foreign trade of the United States for the last fiscal year, ending with June, was the most remarkable in our history. The total of our exports exceeded twelve hundred millions. It was less than the aggregate of the year 1898 by about six million dollars, owing to a decrease in the value of our agricultural exportations, but that deficiency was nearly made up by an increase of exports of manufactures from $290,697,354 in 1898 to $338,667,794 in 1899.

And that increase in foreign trade in manufactured goods cannot be traced to big crops; its only legitimate explanation is the development of manufacturing industries under the fostering care of the policy of protection that has made possible not only a control of the home market, but a successful invasion of the "markets of the world" that the free trader prates so much about.

Mayor Grace is simply serving notice on the Democracy that one of its time-honored party planks has collapsed entirely. The wave of prosperity has proved too much for the "tariff reform" or "free trade" plank, and it will never have a place of honor in the party platform again.—Riverside (Cal.) Press.

The Masses in Two Hemispheres.

Archbishop Ireland, who but a short time since returned from a prolonged trip abroad, has said a few most significant words in respect to the contrast between conditions abroad and those in this country. His statement is that:

"The contrast between the masses in this country and the masses in the Old World in and out of the church is more remarkable than ever. The American poor are happier and a hundred per cent. more intelligent. Their surroundings are better, their chances are better. Where there is one case of misery here there are hundreds abroad, and by abroad I mean England as well as the continent."

The one thing which more than all else is responsible for the advantage which Americans have over the citizens of other counties is the protective tariff. That it is which keeps wages in this country high; that it is which makes employment sure for the laborers of this country; that it is which prevents the foreign manufacturers who employ the pauper laborers of other countries from sending their products to the United States to enter into free and unrestricted competition with the products of the well-paid labor of this country. Archbishop Ireland is a man whose word can be relied upon, and the contrast which he draws between the situation in this country and that abroad is worthy of most careful attention

Anxious Germans.

Reports of the German Chambers of Commerce disclose a condition of general anxiety regarding the successful competition of the United States in the world's markets.

Will Not Be Fooled Again.

The country is experiencing even greater prosperity than it did the first years of the McKinley tariff, and it is evident that the Democracy will make a poorer showing in next year's campaign than it did in 1896. There will be absolutely nothing for it to stand upon in its appeals to workingmen. Laboring men of all kinds are in demand and wages are high and advancing. The country is being scoured for skilled help, and common every day laborers are sought for without the demand being supplied. The coke regions want 12,000 men, every shipyard is straining its resources to keep up with contracts, cars sufficient to carry coal from the bituminous regions cannot be obtained, the iron companies are rushed beyond all reason, and shops of all kinds and railroads are crowded with business. Workingmen were fooled in 1892 by a clamor for a change, but they will not be in 1900.—Ottawa (Ill.) Republican Times.

World's Largest Grapevine.

La Para Grande, the biggest grape vine in the world, has reached the end of its long outdoor life, and will soon be cut down. Seventy-five years it has been growing on a ranch in the Montecito valley, near Santa Barbara, Cal., but it has shown signs of dying, so the owner, Albert Magee, the Pittsburg stove manufacturer, has ordered it removed. From the pride of the California vineyards the vine will be turned into a museum curiosity. The Santa Barbara chamber of commerce will preserve it as a specimen of what the soil of Santa Barbara county is able to produce. La Para Grande has a trunk or main stem three feet and a half in circumference, and the trellis higher than a man's head, on which the spreading branches of the vine are supported, measures nearly six feet in each direction. In its prime this single vine produced full four tons of grapes in a single year. Those days of its glory are, however, long past.—St Louis Post-Dispatch.

WARSHIPS FOR MANILA.

Result of Admiral Dewey's Interview With the President.

WILL BLOCKADE LUZON PORTS.

The Brooklyn, the Marietta and the Machias Among the Warships Ordered to the Philippines—President's Determination to Afford the Army and Navy All Facilities to End the War.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President has directed the immediate dispatch to the Philippines of a number of vessels of the navy, including the cruiser Brooklyn and the gunboats Marietta and Machias. The action is the result of the President's talk with Admiral Dewey.

The orders given are in line with the expressed determination of the President to furnish the army and navy every resource for stamping out the Philippine insurrection at the earliest possible time.

Before going to the White House, Admiral Dewey had an interview of about twenty minutes with Secretary Long. His talk with the President was more extended. He discussed the situation in the Philippines with both the President and the Secretary, and was emphatic in his declaration that a strong blockade was necessary to bring the insurrection to a close quickly and effectively.

At Admiral Dewey's extended interview with the President the former went into the Philippine situation at great length, explaining carefully the existing condition of affairs, and his views of the outlook, concluding with an earnest recommendation that the Brooklyn and some other vessels be sent at once to the Philippines. This reinforcement of the present fleet of the Asiatic Squadron, he urged as necessary, and said their dispatch should be directed as early as possible.

The President immediately communicated with the Navy Department and instructed the Secretary of the Navy to issue an order carrying out the Admiral's recommendation and to see that they be got in readiness at once. The Marietta and Machias, besides the Brooklyn, were designated by the Navy Department along with several other vessels.

These reinforcements will add considerable strength to the Asiatic Squadron, and the Administration believes their presence will have a material effect in expediting the end of the hostilities.

The Brooklyn is an armored cruiser of the first rating, carrying twenty main battery guns and having a total displacement of 9215 tons. The Marietta is a composite gunboat of 1000 tons displacement and with a main battery equipment of six guns. The Machias, with a displacement of 1177 tons, carries a battery of eight guns. Their commanders are all veterans of long experience in the service. The Brooklyn is commanded by Captain Theodore F. Jewell, who has seen fourteen years of sea service; the Machias by Lieutenant-Commander Leavitt C. Logan, with fifteen years of service at sea, and the Marietta by Lieutenant-Commander Edward H. Gheen, whose record shows seventeen years of sea service.

FIGHTING IN LUZON.

Two Attacks on Calamba, in Which Sixty Filipinos Are Killed.

MANILA (By Cable).—Reconnoissances from Mexico by the Fourth Cavalry toward Santa Ana, northeast of Mexico, and toward Arayat, due north of Santa Ana, developed the fact that the insurgents were in position at both points. An American private was killed in the skirmish at Santa Ana.

The insurgents have made two attacks on Calamba, in which the commanding officer reports sixty Filipinos killed and wounded. Two companies of the Twenty-first Regiment repelled each attack, losing two men killed and seven wounded. Bolomen surprised an American outpost near Guagua, killing two privates. The other two escaped.

While four sailors of the United States cruiser Baltimore were entering the Bacoor River in a boat, after the fight, they received a volley, wounding three. It is understood that the volley came from United States soldiers who, having been ordered to prevent the passing of boats, fired by mistake upon the Baltimore's men.

Rear-Admiral Watson announces the recovery of the United States gunboat Urdaneta, which was captured and beached by the insurgents after a fierce fight near Grant, on the Orani River, where she had been blockading, under Cadet Welborn C. Wood. The expedition was entirely successful, the Americans suffering no casualties.

Revolutionists Sentenced to Death.

The court-martial which was held at Managua, Nicaragua, trying the Chiefs of the revolutionary movement which began in February at Bluefields, has proclaimed its decision. General Pablo Reyes and two or three other insurgent officers who escaped from Nicaragua are condemned to suffer the extreme penalty of the law, which is death. One only of the prominent leaders has been captured. About a dozen others, most of them young men, are sentenced to banishment from Nicaragua for fourteen years.

Admiral Dewey Detached.

Admiral Dewey visited Secretary Long at the Navy Department, Washington, a few days ago and requested that he be detached from the Olympia in order that he might haul down his flag and be relieved of duty afloat. This request was granted. Secretary Long then issued an order detaching the Admiral from the Olympia and another order directing the flagship to proceed to Boston to be placed out of commission. The Olympia will be repaired at Boston, and it is probable that she will be in the hands of workmen for the next year. Admiral Dewey is now without any command and is practically unassigned.

$15,000,000 For a War Fund.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Right Hon. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach at London, has already sanctioned the provisional expenditure of $15,000,000 for use in connection with the Transvaal crisis. The Government will not exceed that limit without authority from Parliament, which will be asked to vote a sum not exceeding $40,000,000. The leaders of the Liberals have decided to support the policy of the Government against the Boers.

Rich Galeton Lumberman Killed.

Samuel Campaign, a wealthy lumberman of Galeton, Penn., was instantly killed while superintending the unloading of a car of logs at the Galeton railroad station.

Sailor Heir to a Million.

Calvin Levi Sibley, an ordinary sailor on the Government tug Alice, at Norfolk, Va., has announced that he has fallen heir to $1,000,000 from the estate of his cousin, Richard C. Sibley. Sailor Calvin Sibley claims that, with the exception of Mrs. Georgiana White, of Sandy Bottom, Va., he is the only heir to the Richard Sibley fortune, amounting, he claims, to $1,500,000.

Expense of Famine in Hindustan.

It is estimated that the Indian Government must spend 1,500,000 rupees to relieve famine in the Central Provinces, and that the local chiefs must expend at least one-third of this amount in addition.

A Decrease in Shipbuilding.

Vessels built in the United States, and officially numbered during the first quarter ended September 30, 1898, were 236, of 73,230 gross tons. The wooden tonnage was only 6351 gross tons. In spite of the rise in structural steel the steel tonnage has increased for the quarter from 33,462 in 1898 to 47,043 tons in 1899. Of the total, however, two-thirds were built on the great lakes.

CANNOT SHARE SURPLUS.

Important Decision Affecting Policy Holders and Assurance Companies

Plaintiff Wanted a Division of the Profits, But the Court of Appeals Decided Against Him.

ALBANY, N. Y. (Special).—A unanimous decision was handed down in the Court of Appeals in the matter of the appeal of the Equitable Life Assurance Society from an order and judgment obtained by Emil Greeff, the respondent, in the Appelate Division of the Supreme Court, in the second department. This decision, of great interest to policyholders and of great importance to all companies engaged in the business of assuring lives, was written by Judge Martin, his associates concurring.

The litigation arose from the fact that on July 1, 1882, Emil Greeff, of New York, insured his life in the Equitable Life Assurance Society in the sum of $20,000 by a form of policy styled an endowment, having a period of fifteen years to run. It was an annual dividend policy. On May 2, 1897, the policy matured, and the society paid over to the assured the sum of $20,000 and dividends which accumulated, to the amount of $3332. Mr. Greeff was dissatisfied with the settlement, declared that the society was holding back for its own use a part of its surplus, and sued for a further dividend of $7787.

To this complaint the society demurred, setting forth that the plaintiff "did not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause for action." Justice Joseph F. Daly sustained the demurrer.

The opinion just handed down in the main holds that the plaintiff, Emil Greeff, cannot win on the equity side of the court in consequence of the fact that the Attorney-General did not bring the action, as the statutes provide that all suits involving an accounting must be brought by or with the approval of the Attorney-General, and further, that he cannot win at law because, first, he is bound by the terms of his policy, and, second, by the statutes.

Judge Martin, examining the complaint as to whether it states facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action, says:

"The point to be determined is whether the facts stated are sufficient to entitle the plaintiff to recover in an action at law upon the policy as an instrument for the payment of money, or to recover against the defendant for a breach of its contract."

In this examination he says: "By the terms of the plaintiff's contract he expressly ratified and accepted the principles and methods which were from time to time adopted by the defendant for the distribution of such surplus. The plaintiff's claim that the whole surplus should be distributed cannot be sustained. If it is in conflict with the provisions of the contract between the parties without making a new contract for them, which the court will not do. It is to be observed that the agreement was that the plaintiff should participate, not in the whole surplus, but in the distribution of the surplus, or in other words, in the surplus which, according to its methods and principles, was to be distributed."

A BRIDAL PAIR MURDERED.

Disappointed Lover Killed Them as They Sat at Supper.

MONTGOMERY, Mo. (Special).—Frank Walker and his bride were murdered by Charles Rankin, a disappointed lover, who then killed himself.

The murder occurred at the home of James Cook, nine miles east of here, where the bridal pair and their friends had gone to eat the wedding supper.

Walker worked about the Cook farm. A few days ago he and Miss Maude Goshorn drove to Montgomery and were married. They then drove out to the Cook home, where a supper was prepared. A company of well-wishers gathered.

The bride and bridegroom sat side by side at the head of the table in front of an uncurtained window, when Rankin murdered them, firing with a shotgun through the window. Both were instantly killed.

A cleft of the Cook family was severely wounded. No one saw the murderer, and his identity was unknown until his dead body was found outside the house. A letter left by Rankin cited the fact that he was a rejected suitor of Miss Goshorn's, and that he committed the murder because she had married another.

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP WEST.

With Members of the Cabinet He Will Visit Nine States.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—President and Mrs. McKinley and party, including the entire Cabinet, left Washington at 9 o'clock Wednesday night for a half month's trip to Chicago and the Northwest. The President will visit nine States before his return to Washington.

The train, which will be the home of the distinguished party throughout the trip, is one of the most sumptuously equipped ever run out of the Pennsylvania station. It consists of the private car Campania, occupied by the President and his wife; the combination car Atlantic, the sleeper Ixion, compartment cars Chili and Omena, the last two for the use of the Cabinet.

Captain Carter's Contracts Cancelled.

The contracts with the Atlantic Contracting Company entered into by Captain Carter, the convicted army officer, for the improvement of the harbor at Savannah, Ga., and Cumberland Sound, Fla., have been cancelled by direction of the Secretary of War at Washington. Orders were sent to Captain Gillette, at Savannah, to cancel the contracts, and these orders were promptly obeyed.

Thanksgiving Day in Canada.

Thursday, October 19, will be observed as Thanksgiving Day in Canada.

Newsy Gleanings.

Several deer have been seen this fall in Connecticut.

A Chinese Christian Endeavor Society has been organized in Boston.

Two men in Cambridge, Mass., have been fined for expectorating in public places.

The British Admiralty has sent a number of officers to China to study the language.

The Michigan Municipal League has declared in favor of municipal ownership of public utilities.

As early as September orders were placed in Wisconsin for 50,000 Christmas trees, to be shipped East.

An attempt on a large scale will soon be made to stock the abandoned farms of Maine with cattle from the West.

The City Council of St. Paul, Minn., has passed an ordinance requiring the removal of overhead wires on the business streets.

The Ordnance Bureau at Washington has ordered the sale of obsolete ordnance materials at the Brooklyn and Boston Navy Yards.

The Church Missionary Society, at London, has received a report, stating that 40,000 persons have died of famine on the eastern coast of Africa.

Youngstown, Ohio, has a poor water supply, and the number of deaths in that city from typhoid fever is double that of any other place in the State.

A large building has just been completed at Vladivostok, Russia, to serve as a Pasteur Institute for the cure and study of various epidemic diseases.

At the recent first congress of Russian dentists it was decided to petition the Government to appoint a visiting dentist for every school and high school in the empire.

John Livingstone, who has just died in Tistowle, Ontario, Canada, was a brother of the African explorer, was two years his senior and was the last survivor of the family.

The introduction of flower growing as an industry in Southern New Jersey is being seriously considered, and in connection with bulb growing, some lands being especially fitted for the combination.

DEWEY IN WASHINGTON.

The President Hands to Him the Sword Voted by Congress.

RECEPTION AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Admiral Dewey Was Overcome With Emotion During the Presentation Ceremonies—He Received a Great Ovation When He Entered the Capital—Parades in Dewey's Honor.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The home coming of Admiral George Dewey—for henceforth the National Capital is to be his home—was made the occasion for the greatest tribute ever paid by Washington to any individual.

When Admiral Dewey's train reached this line of the District of Columbia it stopped for a few minutes at the little station of Deanwood while the Reception Committee went through the formality of presenting to the nation's guest the freedom of the district.

A few minutes later the train was in the brilliantly lighted station at Washington. Taking the arm of W. H. Moses, Chairman of the Reception Committee, the Admiral headed the procession down the station while the officers and committeemen fell in at the rear.

Admiral Dewey was then escorted to the White House. A mighty roar went up from the crowd as the Admiral alighted at the portico of the Executive Mansion.

As he stepped from the carriage, Colonel Bingham, representing the President stepped forward to escort him to the East Room, where Secretary Long, Assistant Secretary Allen and a brilliant assemblage of naval officials were ready to extend to him the greeting of the navy. Secretary Long was at the door, and as the Admiral entered the Secretary grasped his hand and with enthusiasm said:

"Admiral, I welcome you home. This is the Navy Department for the moment, and your associates of the navy are assembled here to give you a hearty greeting."

"Thank you, thank you," responded Admiral Dewey, first exchanging a few words of greeting with the Secretary and then with Mr. Allen and the other officials.

The members of the Cabinet had assembled in the Cabinet room, while the President was alone in the library adjoining. As Secretary Long entered with the Admiral the President came forward to greet the famous sailor, and grasping his hand, wished him a hearty welcome.

Returning to the library, the President invited the members of the Cabinet to meet the Admiral. Secretary Hay headed the party, followed by Secretary Wilson, Postmaster General Smith, Attorney-General Griggs, Secretary Root and Secretary Wilson. Former Secretary Alger was also present, having been requested by the President to join the party. The greetings with the Cabinet were brief, and then the President and Admiral Dewey headed the party toward the reviewing stand.

When Admiral Dewey appeared, leaning on the arm of President McKinley, the crowd started a migh

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Two Austrian Fops.

The two greatest dandies at the Empress Maria Theresa's court were Count Crobor and Marquis Taroncca. These two men made a wager as to who should appear in the most costly costume at the next court ball, jewels to be debarred. The Marquis Taroncca appeared in most gorgeous apparel and was considered by every one to have triumphed over his rival, who was attired in a plain satin suit. While the jury were deciding Count Crobor threw open his plain satin cloak, and, placing it on the ground, showed that it was lined with one of Correggio's most famous works. The count won the wager —1,000 ducats—but the Correggio had cost 100,000 ducats.

The same count once paid a visit to Paris with a large party of friends and entertained them at a "dinner" which lasted three days and nights. It is interesting to note that this extravagant nobleman died in penury some 30 years later. Having exhausted his means, he was pensioned by the Emperor Francis, but in 1765, when Francis died, his pension was reduced to about £80 a year. One morning in midwinter the frozen corpse of the count was discovered on a heap of refuse on the shores of the Danube.

ASK YOUR DOCTOR!

Ask your physician this question, "What is the one great remedy for consumption?" He will answer, "Cod-liver oil." Nine out of ten will answer the same way.

Yet when persons have consumption they loathe all fatty foods, yet fat is necessary for their recovery and they cannot take plain cod-liver oil. The plain oil disturbs the stomach and takes away the appetite. The disagreeable fishy odor and taste make it almost unendurable. What is to be done?

This question was answered when we first made

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Although that was nearly twenty-five years ago, yet it stands alone today the one great remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

The bad taste and odor have been taken away, the oil itself has been partly digested, and the most sensitive stomach objects to it rarely. Not one in ten can take and digest the plain oil. Nine out of ten can take SCOTT'S EMULSION and digest it. That's why it cures so many cases of early consumption. Even in advanced cases it brings comfort and greatly prolongs life.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Aug. 28, 1899.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sunday) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6.00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9.30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Railroad steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer Steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with Steamer for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The Steamer Newbern or hereafter will leave Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00, P. M., for Newbern, Oriental, and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r.
H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith.

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W H Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,
Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday

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Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

TO OUR READERS!

HERE IS THE GREATEST BARGAIN WE

EVER OFFERED YOU

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN AND THE TWICE-A-WEEK DETROIT FREE PRESS

Both papers one year, and the Free Press Year Book and Encyclopaedia for 1900

FOR ONLY **$1.65.**

The Twice-a-Week Free Press is conceded by all to be Michigan's leading newspaper.

Remember that by taking advantage of this combination you get 52 copies of the Carolinian and 104 copies of the Free Press, and the Free Press Year Book for 1900, for only $1.65.

COMBINATION OF CAPITAL.

Not all combinations of capital and business are trusts; not all of them have illigitimate purposes, and not all are attended with disadvantageous consequences. On the contrary, the great majority of business combinations are legitimate and beneficial. But whether they are of the one kind or the other, they are not partisan in character. Trusts are not a Republican institution, enjoyed by Republicans alone, nor a Democratic institution, enjoyed by Democrats alone; but they are composed of Democrats and Republicans alike; men of both parties are engaged in them and interested in their promotion and their protection under the law. They are simply a feature of modern business conditions, with respect to which party lines cannot be drawn.

We have come to the place where we must sell abroad or restrict production. To sell abroad we must compete; to compete we must economize, and to economize we must lower wages or combine. Lower wages we do not want and will not have, and therefore we accept the alternative and combine.

SILVER DOLLARS A DRUG.

Never before in the history of the country has there been so much subsidiary silver coin or so small change in circulation as at present, and never before a greater demand for or scarcity of it in business circles and among the people. The demand for small bills is equally great, while that for silver dollars is slight. Indeed the latter are a drug on the market, as of 406,000,000 coined only 67,000,000 are in circulation, the balance being represented by the paper certificates issued against them. In view of the general and growing demand for small silver currency and the impossibility of getting the silver dollars into circulation treasury officials wonder why Congress authorized the coinage of 1,550,000 silver dollars every month and made no provision for increasing the stock of fractional silver coin. The action of Congress was probably governed more by sentiment than financial sense.

There has been no more remarkable evidence of the general prosperity now prevailing than the large increase voluntarily made in the wages of all the men employed on lake vessels. The engineers, who demanded an advance of 12 per cent, were given an advance of 20 per cent, and all others were raised 20 per cent without any request on their part. The total number affected is about 15,000

Formerly Democrats contended that a Protective Tariff cut off the United States from foreign sales. They have been compelled to drop that plea by the largest foreign trade on record.

The Democrats crucified American industries with the Wilson bill. The Republicans touched them with the electryfying spark of the Dingley bill and raised them from the dead.

If Democracy shall succeed in forgetting "the crime of '73" it will only have shown how nonsensical it was when it tried so hard to remember it.

Admiral Dewey's name will go down to fame as that of the man who invent early breakfasts and the plan of doing things a couple a days ahead of time.

"There was no flaw in our victory,' says William McKinley, President, to George Dewey, Admiral. "There will be no faltering in maintaining it either."

What Rear-Admiral Schley needs more than anything else, these days, is a judicious conservator.

These McKinley times are mighty hard on Bryan's prophesies and silver heresies.

The Democratic platform builder will very soon find out that it is hard work to make a nation with a full stomach fell hungry.

THE TARIFF NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR TRUSTS.

We hear it said that the tariff is the mother of trusts, and that they are the cause of all sorts of evils. We do have trusts, and some of them as bad as represented, but they are not the product of the tariff and if they were, the tariff, with its attendant prosperity and trusts, is better than free trade and idleness, ruin, want, hunger, soup houses and rags. That the tariff is not responsible for trusts is shown by the fact that while they have free trade in England, yet they also have more trusts in that country than in any other. They had their origin their, and there they have had their most complete development.

A BIG FEE.

It is said that ex-President Harrison's fee as chief counsel for the republic of Venezuela in the arbitration proceedings just concluded is to be $250,000. Rumor has it that he refused to make charge until he had carefully examined into the case, and when he communicated to the Venezuelan republic that England was wrong in her contention he received immediately an offer of $250,000 to undertake the case

THE STATE FAIR.

The Fair at Raleigh next week promises to be the best ever held, The indications are that there will be an immense display in all departments, especially the Agricultural, which will be more conspicious than ever before. The usual low rates on all railroads will prevail. Let all who can do so, go.

All the Dakota soldiers returned from Manila are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war and keeping the islands. The interviewers who hunted for a different sentiment gave up in dispair.

Having failed in their scheme to use the arrival of Dewey to advertise themselves, the yellow papers are trying to thrust the Admiral into a political programme bearing their usual trade mark.

The post office at Pactolus was entered and robbed on Sunday night. It is reported that $1800 in money in the safe, several expressed packages and a quantity of revenue stamps are missing.

The Democratic way of ending a war is to wait until the next national convention is called, and then fight it out in the committee on resolutions.

Dwey's service began just forty years before the battle of Manilla.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 6, 1899.

President McKinley and party left Washington Wednesday night, and will return about the 20th inst. The tour will include visits to the following places: "Going: Canton, Akron and Fostoria Ohio; Fort Wayne and Logansport, Ind.; Decatur, Springfield, Quincy; Peoria, Galesburg and Chicago, Ill.; Minneapolis, St Paul and Deluth, Minn.; West Superior, Wis.; Fargo, N. Dak., and Aberdeen, South Dakota. Returning: Sioux Falls and Yankton, S. Dak.; Sioux City and Dubuque, Iowa; Galena, Ill.; Madison, Milwaukee, Racine, and Kalamazoo, Mch.; Cleveland, Warran, Niles and Youngstown, Ohio.

Those who profess to believe that Admiral Dewey is lukewarm on the expansion question have another guess coming to them. He has too true a conception of the duty of a naval officer to speak publicly at this time on such an important question, but it can be stated on good authority that there is no stronger expansionist in this country than Admiral Dewey. President McKinley, his fellow members of the Philippine Commission, and others, know this now, and in due time all the world will know it.

Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, whose successful exporience as Chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, has made him high authority on the state of public sentiment, was in Washington this week, having recently returned from a trip through the west and northwest. He said: "West of the Missouri river the people are unanimous in their support of the administration, and are the most pronounced advocates of expansion. I have never seen such enthusiasm as they manifest. Further east, in the northwest, there is every bit as much loyalty and support of the administration, though there are possibly more men who are doubtful as to what the future of the Philippines should be. There is not the least question that the entire country will support every step of the administration. They will do so in the Presidential election in an unmistakable manner."

Representative Boutelle, of Maine, who was chairman of the House committee on Naval Affairs in the last Congress and who is likely to occupy the same position in the next Congress, participated in an informal conference with President McKinley on Philippine matters, before the departure of the Presidential party for the West. Others present at this conference were Secretaries Root and Hitchcock, Attorney Griggs, Senator Hanna, ex-Secretary Bliss and Mr. Myron Herrick, of Cleveland, Ohio. After this conference, at which the President talked freely, Mr. Boutelle said: "The administration policy is to carry out the manifest will of the American people in furnishing troops to the Philippine Islands to sustain the fruit of Admiral Dewey's victory. The duty that now devolves upon this government is to maintain our sovereignty over the islands, sustain our soldiers against any enemy and against any disturbance of law and order, everything being for the purpose of establishing a rightful government for the people of the islands in such manner as the American government, through the Congress, shall determine. The campaign must be pushed actively and vigorously and the opposition to our army must be ended as rapidly as possible. Peace must be established by this government and maintained thereby until Congress shall determine what shall be done with the islands. From what the President said, it is proposed to bend every resource to the stamping out of all opposition to our authority, the settlement of the war, and the establishment and maintenance of peace."

Admiral Dewey, who will leave Washington for a visit to Vermont next week, was one of the last men who talked with President McKinley before he started to the west, and their talk was about the Philippines, the admiral having been specially invited to go to the White House and freely express his views on the subject, an invitation that was accepted and acted upon in the same spirit in which it was given.

Hon. Charles S. Hearnley, chairman of the Indiana State Republican committee, attended the Dewey festivities in Washington. He was in a jubilant state of mind because of the great material prosperity of Indiana, both in the manufacturing and agricultural sections. After telling of the increase of manufacturing in the natural gas district—its tin plate and plate-glass factories are the largest in the country— and of the good times among the farmers, he said: "It is hardly necessary to say that the majority of our people, thoroughly satisfied with this fortunate condition, will continue loyal to the party, the continuation in power which means a continuance of good times. Indiana is for the renomination of Maj. McKinley and will give him an overwhelming endorsement in 1900."

Look in Your Mirror

Do you see sparkling eyes, a healthy, tinted skin, a sweet expression and a graceful form? These attractions are the result of good health. If they are absent, there is nearly always some disorder of the distinctly feminine organs present. Healthy menstrual organs mean health and beauty everywhere.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

makes women beautiful and healthy. It strikes at the root of all their trouble. There is no menstrual disorder, ache or pain which it will not cure. It is for the budding girl, the busy wife and the matron approaching the change of life. At every trying crisis in a woman's life it brings health, strength and happiness. It costs $1.00 of medicine dealers.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

MRS. ROZENA LEWIS, of Geneville, Texas, says:—"I was troubled at monthly intervals with terrible pains in my head and back, but have been entirely relieved by Wine of Cardui."

Senator Butler's Views.

Senator Marion Butler of North Carolina, spoke as follows to a Washington Post reporter when in Washington on Monday:

"I have but little faith," said he, "In the efficacy of the proposed constitutional amendment now agitating the people of North Carolina as a solution of the race question. If the amendment should be adopted and held valid by the courts with the exception of section 5, which is clearly unconstitutional, about as many illiterate white men would be disfranchised as colored. The per cent. of qualified colored voters in the towns under an educational qualification, would be as great as the illiterate white element in the rural districts. The men who engineered this amendment idea have been foremost always in raising the 'nigger' cry in the State, knowing that such an appeal stopped argument and obscured reason. They still want to make use of that cry, and hence their setting up of nights to get up a law that was certain of being declared unconstitutional if it ever came to be passed on by the courts."

His Life was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hanibal, Mo., lately had a wonful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Noihing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now I am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise.' This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at A Wadsworth's drug store; every bottle guaranteed

A Few Pointers.

The advance in cotton will give Southern planters probably $75,000,000 more for this year's crop than they received for last year's.

Southern furnaces, rolling mills, coal mines, coke ovens, are crowded as never before, and yielding probably fully double the net profits ever paid to their owners.

Southern cotton mills, saw mills, phosphate operations and other branches of industry are equally prosperous. The activity was never so great and the outlook so promising. —Manufacturers' Record.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL

It Will be Formerly Opened to Navigation Next Saturday

The famous Dismal Swamp Canal in Eastern North Carolina has been rebuilt and will be formally opened to navigation next Saturday.

The Lake Drummond Canal and Water Company, which owns this property, has spent a large sum of money in reconstructing the canal. It has been rebuilt to meet the demands of modern traffic and is the connecting link furnishing an inland water-way from the Chesapeke Bay to Albemarle and Pamlico Sounds. It is expected to revolutionize the carrying business in the section traverse, as it will furnish a safe avenue for what is regarded as the cheapest mode of transportation, the carrying of freight in barges towed by tugs. This system is successfully operatsi from Norfolk along the North Atlantic coast, but the South Atlantic coast is deprived of this mode of transportation owing to the dangers of Cape Hatteraa inhibiting the handling of barges in this manner. By following the canal route Hatteras is avoided.

Extending from Deep Creek, a tributary of the Elizabeth River, to the head of the waters of the Pasquotank River, in North Carolina, the canal is 22 miles long and has 10 feet depth of water, with an average width of 80 feet. There are but two locks and these are at each end of the canal. The old canal is a historic waterway and was originally surveyed by George Washington. Before it was taken up by the Lake Drummond Company the canal was practically dismantled and abandoned as a waterway. Baltimore capital furnished the means for its reconstruction. The inspection party will assemble at Norfolk on the morning of October 14th and take a special steamer through the canal. The return to Norfolk will be by special train on Saturday evening.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also old running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains, best pile cure on earth, drives out pains and aches. Only 25cts a box Cure guaranteed. Sold by Alex Wadsworth, druggist.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, U. S. Life-Saving Service, Washington, D. C., September 27, 1899. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock, p. m., of Tuesday, Oct. 10, 1899, to furnish the amounts of forage required at certain life-saving stations on the coasts of Virginia and North Carolina during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, full information in regard to which can be obtained upon application to the Superintendent of the 6th Life-Saving District, Shawboro, N C., or to this office. Horace L. Piper, Acting General Superintendent

Lake Drummond Canal
OPENED.

The Lake Drummond Canal and Water Co., wish to give notice that the Old Dismal Swamp Canal route between Norfolk and Elizabeth City is now open for busiuess, and that a tug boat will leave every other day except Sunday, commencing August 28th, making trips as follows: Leave Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning leave Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

The Canal Co. insures nine feet of water at present time between the locks, and in a few weeks they will have ten feet of water in the canal. The company has dredged fifteen feet in depth for a distance of three thousand feet below the lock at Deep Creek. They have also made deep water below South Mills lock, in the waters of the Pasquotank River. The Canal Company has dredged the old Turner's Cut to the depth of ten feet at low water. Thus far the Canal Company can insure a sufficient depth of water.

The Canal Company would not at present guarantee a safe passage between Norfolk and Elizabeth City for boats drawing more than seven and a half feet of water, as the Pasquotank has one shoal place, and Deep Creek at low water has not more than seven and a half feet at the present time.

The government has appropriated money to deepen and widen Deep Creek, and also to deepen and straighten the waterway of the Pasquotank River. This work is to commence at once. The company in the mean time intend to improve and widen the canal, and in the near future the Canal Company believes that that they will have a canal and waterway between the points named that cannot be excelled in this country.

J. S. SANFORD, V. P.

Information can be had at the office of A. M. Marshall Tug Boat Office Campbell's Wharf, Norfolk, Va.

Information as to where to leave or receive freights, and of the boat's landing place can be had a Hathaway Bro.'s corner of Main and Water, streets,

2 LARGE STORES
CONNECTED
UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

Leaders of Low Prices.

We believe in doing FAIR SQUARE things to everybody; no better rule than this. It is the principal

THAT FLOATS FROM THE FLAG-STAFF

of our business; the principle that is interwoven through every thread of our business fabric, its the principle that wins. We will take our chances for reward on our fidelity to this rule and rock bottom prices to all. Wholesale and Retail, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Oil Clothing, Gum Boots Notions &c., &c.

J. A. Hooper & Co.,
THE LOW PRICE STORE,
NEXT DOOR TO MELICK'S

Fingers Burned Too Often.

Unfortunately for the success of the World's scheme, Dewey is a Republican, and the Democratic party having once or twice got its fingers awfully burned in attempting to handle that sort of material, will be somewhat slow in taking hold of it again. —Durham Sun.

No Rights to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate the stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousand have it and don't know it. If you want quick results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney trouble. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y

DON'T TRY TO MAKE MONEY BUT WATCH OTHERS DO IT, AND DREAM ABOUT IT YOURSELF

Have you $25 to invest?
Will you invest it?
If you have and will, write us for full particulars. Fortunes are made from small capital in speculation in stocks and grain.
Now is the time to make money.
Write us for particulars or for any information on the market. Reference furnished.
Address,
SOUTHERN INVESTMENT CO.
Marine Bank Building, Baltimore, Md.

Parties answering this advertisement will please mention the Carolinian.

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County.

John Q. A. Wood, admin'r of Mary J. White, plaintiff, vs. John A. Lowe, Noah Brite, Mary Brite, Geo. H. Lowe and Zenas White, defend'ts } Order of Sale.

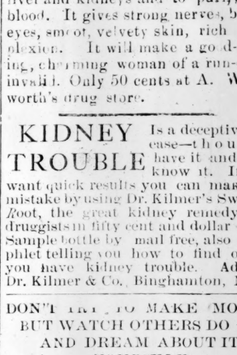
By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, made in the cause of John Q. A. Wood, Administrator of Mary J. White, plaintiff, against John A. Lowe and others, defendants, I shall offer for sale at the court house door in Pasquotank county, on Monday, September 18th, 1899, at 12, M., the following described land to-wit:

A certain tract of land situated in Mount Hermon Township in Pasquotank County and bounded on the North by the lands of Joshua Lowe tract owned by Elisha Harris and the Main Road going from Mount Hermon to Elizabeth City, on the East by the lands of Mrs. Ann Jane Harris, on the South by the lands of Elihu Only and on the West by the lands of Zion H. Berry, containing 32 acres, more or less, to make assets to pay the debts of the estate of Mary J. White.

Terms of sale: One-half cash and the balance in six months, with interest on deferred payments at six per cent. with privilege to purchaser to pay all cash.

J. Q. A. WOOD, Adm'r.
Aug. 16th, 1899.

The Elizabeth City BUGGY COMPANY,



Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of *Riding Vehicles.*

Also dealers in Buggy Harness, Whips, and Lap Robes.

Repair Work a Specialty.

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ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC

.....CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

PURELY VEGETABLE

never before put together in any form.

.....CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial poison. They are made of the finest vegetable oils and a scientific combination of the most valuable cathartic and liver tonics that are known, but never before have they been combined in any form.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE

kind that breed and feed in the system.

.....CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any

LIVER STIMULANT

their action easy and natural.

.....CASCARETS stimulate the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous, healthy condition, making

BOOK FOR MOTHERS

.....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the tiny arms.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN

.....CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good, act quickly, stop vomiting, sweetness and worms and headache, drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

CURE GUARANTEED

.....CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently according to directions cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

.....CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior.

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN., NEW YORK

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money back. Strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

LITTLETON FEMALE COLLEGE,
Littleton, N. C.

Board, Laundry, Full Literay tuition and Library fee $132.00 for the entire scholastic year. To those applying in time the above charge may be reduced to $112.00 by one hour's work per day in Industrial Department.

The 17th Annual Session begins Sept. 20, '99. For catalogue address

REV. J. M. RHODES, A. M., President

University of North Carolina.

WIDEST patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 38; Students, 495; Three Academic Courses; Three Elective Courses; Three Professional Schools: in Law, in Medicine and in Pharmacy. New Buildings, Water works, Splendid Libraries, Labatories, etc.

Advance classes open to women; Tuition, $60 a year; Board $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self-help. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Free tuition for teachers; Summer School for Teachers. 24 Instructors; 147 Students. Total enrollment, 645. For catalogue address,

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Chapel Hill N. C

ATLANTIC COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Will open its 22nd Annual Session on SEPTEMBER 18th, 1899.

LAREGST AND OLDEST

School in Eastern North Carolina.

FIVE COURSES OF STUDY.

English Course, Classical Course, College Preparatory Course, Business Course, Musical Course.

Diplomas and Certificates granted upon completion of the above courses. Students having certificates in the College Preparatory Course are admitted to the University of North Carolina, Wake Forest and Trinity College without examinations.

Special advantages in Music; Piano and Reed Organ.

Course in Short-hand and Bookkeeping compares favorably with that of the best Business Colleges.

Rates of Board and Tuition very low. Write for catalogue.

S. L. SHEEP, President,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

The State Normal and Industrial College of North Carolina.

OFFERS TO YOUNG WOMEN thorough literary, classical, scientific and industrial education and special pedagogical training. Annual expenses $90 to $130; for non-residents of the State $150. Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,700 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. To secure board in dormitories; all free-tuition applications should be made before August 1. Correspondence invited from those desiring trained teachers. For catalogue and other information address

PRESIDENT McIVER,
Greensboro, N. C.

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Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

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OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

SHINGLES!

Machine dressed Cedar Shinges,

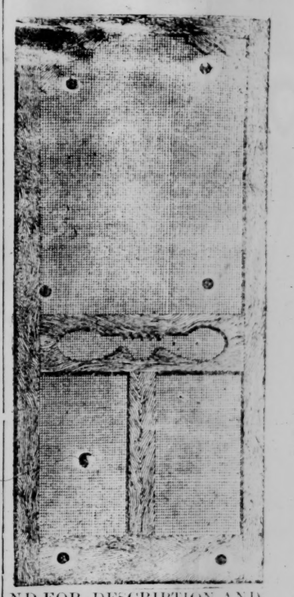
of all sizes, always in stock For sale at the mills of

East Coast Ceda Company,
Pennsylvania Ave.
Elizabeth City, N. C

A Free Trip to Paris!

Reliable persons of a mechanical or inventive mind desiring a trip to the Paris Exposition, with good salary and expenses paid, should write The PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

Screens to Order.



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ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

WILLIS H. ROGERS.

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A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters

Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Agents.

S. B. Miller & Co.

Established 1841.

WHOLESALE—

Commission Fish Dealers.

7 Fulton Fish Market. New York.

Clarance G. Miller,
Miller Longbotham.

Special attention given to the Sale North Carolina Shad. Stencils and Stationery furnished on application. We employ no agent.

How do You Do It?

Many people differ as to the best way to ride a Bicycle, though all admit the CRAWFORD is the best Bicycle to ride. Its many riders pronounce it the most desirable wheel on the market. Call and examine its merits and don't miss

Your Chance

to get a good wheel at less than half price. We have several second hand wheels in good condition at from $10 to $15; come at once before the best are sold.

Hathaway Bros.

The Jewelers,
Water Street,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor, T. B. Wilson; Aldermen: M. N. Sawyer, Jr., Commander, J. L. Sawyer, J. B. Flora, F. F. Shaw, D. Weatherly and Bryant Freeman; Clerk and Tax Collector, R. A. Commander; Treasurer, J. B. Fearing; Chief of Police, W. C. Dawson with A. Chief and P. H. Ives as Aces; Attorney, S. B. Leigh; Street Commissioner, J. Weeks; Fire Commissioners, A. K. Kramer and A. E. Aydlett; Health Officer

Collector of Customs—Palemon John.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden; meet the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, W. S. Penick, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, T. H. Johnston, pastor.

Methodist, Episcopal on Pearl Street; Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. W. S. Pitch, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in Court House, very Sunday morning and night.

Colored—1st Church st., W. L. Clayton, pastor Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch Lake Pierce, pastor St. Philip, W. J. Heritage pastor; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, J. P. Smith, pastor

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, jr. W. M.; Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; B. F. Sparrow, Treas.; D. R. Bradford Secretary; E. T. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, Stewards; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; Clay Forehand, N. G.; W. H. Zoeller, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Secty.; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Faith Encampment No. 8; D. M. Simons, C. P.; T. M. Gard, H. P.; N. Garrett, S. W.; J. P. Simpson, J. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Gurkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 3d Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; R. C. Lane, Sr., Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Morrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper, W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Haigay Jennings; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S. Sheep; Board of Education: John D. Fulcher, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Shaw Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

T. T. WHITCOMB, RENTAL AGENT, Office in the Carolinian Building.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., Offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

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Attorney-at-Law.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

KEATON'S HOTEL,
W. H. KEATON, Prop.,
Main Street, Near Water
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.
TERMS REASONABLE.

N.G Grandy&CO
BROKERS
Agents for Woldrige's High Class
FERTILIZERS.
We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.
REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

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DEALER IN

COAL.
Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled
All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

A Sure Thing for You.
A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

MONEY can be earned at our new line of work rapidly and honorably, by the either sex, young or old, and in own localities, wherever they live. one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week, or upwards and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, October 12, 1899.

Grumbling don't help.

Do your part and you'll be the better for it.

Read "Fortunes in Cornstalks," in another column.

Flotillas of Barges are coming through the Dismal Swamp Canal.

May the 14th of October 1899 be a "Red Letter" day in the history of Elizabeth City.

Judge Tho's R. Purnell will hold the October term of the United States Court here next week.

The Peanut crop is reported to be the largest and best that has been grown for a number of years.

The last numbe of the Bulletin, issued by the State Board of Agriculture, is brimful of timely and useformation for the farmers of State.

It is pleasant to note the continued advance in the price of cotton. We rejoice with the farmers at the better times coming for them.

Willey's Ship Yard is ceowded with work In addition to the steamers Lilly and McIntyre, there are other vessels there for undergoing overhauling and repairs.

Pensions have been granted to Richard Spelman, of Snowden, $10; Wm. Piner, of Poplar Branch, $6, and Wm. Bennett, of Poplar Branch, $24.

State Superintendent Mebane announces that from the apportionment of the Peabopy fund this year the Elizabeth City Colored Normal School will receive $300 and the one at Plymouth $100.

The Methodist Conference last week was well attended. The sermon of Bishop Fowler on Sunday morning was an eloquent and a very able one. The next Conference will be held at Marshalberg, Carteret county.

"I found it money well spent," writes a reader of the CAROLINIAN on enclosing a dollar for the renewal of his annual subscription. "It keeps me posted and never misleads nor deceives." That is its aim, to be right and speak the truth.

A faded carpet may be restored to a certain degree by giving it a thorough wiping with warm water to which a little pearline has been added —a tablespoonful to a pale of water. Afterwards go over with a cloth wrung ont of hot water.

Mr. Lucullus McMullan, one of the most prominent citizens of Hertford, passed to "the better land" on Sunday. He was in his 67th year of age. He was a man of earnest convictions and always had the courage to express and maintain them.

Fred. D Bunnell, who in the early '70's spent several years here, is on a few day's visit. He now resides at Petersburg, Va He says that seeing the marvelous growth and progress of the town, he feels that he made a mistake in leaving when he did. He's the same live ly "hustler" he was while living here.

Sparks' Old Reliable Virginia Shows and Great Trained Animal Exposition will exhibit in Elizabeth City on Wednesday afternoon and night, October 18, admission only 10 and 25c. Sparks' Show is strictly moral, clean, first-class and up-to-date in every respect; introducing all new, original and startling features, performing lions, elephants, horses, ponies, mules, dogs, goats and monkeys. See the free balloon ascention and parachute jump.

The steamer Neuse is still aground in the mud where the late hurricane forced her. The Wrecking Company that contracted to raise her appear to be meeting with unsurmountable difficulties. The force pump on which it was relied to remove the earth from under the vessel has proved a failure, owing to the character of the bottom and the company is now trying to remove this earth by the use of dynamite. Thus far the seeking to float the steamer has been an expensive undertaking.

A letter has been received stating that the officials of the Lake Drummond Canal and Water Company, with a party of friends, will come through on a steamer, on Saturday of this week to Elizabeth City, arriving in the forenoon and return by special train in the evening. A meeting of citizens has been held and committees appointed to arrange for a proper reception Let it be one worthy of the occasion. Let the gentlemen have a royal reception—one that will show them that our citizens appreciate the great work they have accomplished. We hope that it will prove a profitable investment to them, and we feel sure that Elizabeth City will reap incalculable benefit.

Hop. Elihu A. White is seriously ill at his home at Belvidere.

A fire occurred at Middleton, Hyde county, last week, destroying several buildings.

Industry keeps the body healthy, the mind clear, the heart whole and the purse full.

Agree where you can; disagree only where you must; but don't be disagreeable in either.

A man may not have a dollar that he calls his own and yet have a good many thousand that he calls his wife's.

People who are foolish enough to let their children be injured by overstudy always like to go about bragging about it.

The ups and downs in a man's life include his efforts to get his income up to his expenses and his expenses down to his income.

Says a physician: "One cause of baldness is great intellectuality." This would indicate that baldness is for the purpose of allowing the intellect to shine.

Rev. C. A. G. Thomas has resigned as Pastor of the Baptist Church at Fayetteville He was formerly Pastor of the Baptist Church at Elizbeth City.

To an inquiry, "What is the meaning of the two letters i. e.?" the CAROLINIAN replies that they are the abbreviations of the Latin words "id est," meaning "that is."

The hen that leaves her nest after a few days' sitting because she does not hear the chirp of chicks, is something like the merchant who quits advertising after a few weeks because his first calls haven't filled his store with clamoring customers.

We have made arrangements by which we can offer our readers a great bargain. We will furnish the CAROLINIAN, the Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press and the Free Press Annual Year Book, all one year for $1.65 For further particulars see advertisement on another page.

On the night of the 4th inst., near Pitts' Cape l, in this county, at a Cake Walk, Noah Gray, Ambrose Lee and John Ferebee, of this town, assulted Edmund Johnson and James Herring with deadly weapons, dangerously wounding the former in the neck and the latter in the arm. The parties, all colored, were all arrested and tried on Thursday evening before Magistrates T. B. Wilson, A. S. Neal and P. S. Shipp, and were bound over to the December term of Court in the sum of $1,000.

The Bulletin of the Agricultural Department gives this sensible and practical advice to farmers:

The necessary steps toward an improved husbandry are: To cultivate less land. To make that which is cultivated rich in plant food, so that it may produce large crops. The practice of rigid system of rotation of crops and mixed farming. The cultivation of the grasses and less of the serials, and feeding upon the farm the most of its products. Raising clover and enriching the land by turning under green crops.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WANTED—A neat and intelligent young man; one acquainted with the business community of Elizabeth City preferred. Address The J. Marcus Co., 19 South Fourth st., Philadelphia, Pa,

Money to patent good ideas may be secured by our aid. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

—FOR RENT: Two front Rooms, second story of the CAROLINIAN Building. Rent reasonable.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N.C.

The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 6:06 and will set to night at 5:26.—Our esteemed townsman, Mr. W. H. Keaton, has been confined to his bed for sometime by a severe spell of sickness. We are glad to say that he is improving.—A good many men who tell others how to do a thing can't do it themselves.—Dr. McMullan attended the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Newbold, at Madison Court House, Va.—Happiness is not in doing what you like, but in liking what you do.—Dr. Blades, wife and child have returned from an outing in Pennsylvania.—Love finds a way in, but it has to be throwu out.—Miss Lida Huggins, of Cheraw, S. C., is visiting her sister, Mrs. T S. Wells, on Church street.—It is the room at the top that keeps things from upsetting.—The Quiet Observer thus utilizes "Little Drops:"

Little drops of printer's ink
A little type displayed,
Make our merchant princes
And all their big parade.
Little drops of stinginess,
Disregarding printer's ink,
Bursts the man of business
And sees his credit sink.

—Messrs. Fred H. Ziegler and Henry Raper have returned from a trip North They took in the Dewey reception at New York.—The young man who believes his employer cannot get along without him is half fired already.—Miss Pearl Etheridge, of Windsor, is visiting the family of Mr. W. E. Evans on Perse street.—It is easy to see through people who make spectacles of themselves.—Mrs. D. S. Kramer and daughter have returned from a several weeks' visit to her sister, Mrs. Fowler, at Philadelphaia. —If some people were to tell the truth they would be looked upon as great humorists.—Sorry that we will be unable to join in the trip through the Canal on Saturday. Thanks for the kind invitation, all the same.—On the night of the 5th inst., at the Hotel Central by Rev Dr. Penick, Mr. Wilmer F. Bell, postmaster at Exmore, Va., was married to Miss Mabel F. Denmond, of Bell Haven, Md.—The Versifier says of a young man's Summer Girl:

He found that her love was merely art,
The mercenary thing;
For while she gave him back his heart
She kept his diamond ring.

—We acknowledge a cordial visit on Friday from Dempsey E. Winslow, esq., of Nicana. We appreciate his kind words for the CAROLINIAN. He expects, he says, to take it as long as it is published.—No man can count the cost of a useless life.—When the three large Oyster Factories get in operation here, a good deal of money will be put in circulation.—Hon. K. R. Pendleton, Collector of Customs from Edenton, was in the City on Tuesday on official business, He gave us a call.—The Cynic says that wedlock rhymes with deadlock and that you can draw your own conclusions.—Mr. L. D. Gillette, Agent of Sparks' New Railroad Shows, gave the CAROLINIAN a call on Tuesday. He has traveled much, seen a great deal and is an entertaining conversationalist,—It is said there is no fool like an old fool, but there are some young ones that run a close second.—Mr. E. C. Potter, of, the N. & S R. R., was in the City on Tuesday,—"Bobby, you must leave for bed now," said his mother. "But ma, it isn't bed time yet," protested the little fellow. "Yes, it is; Uncle Robert and your father are going to tell what bad boys they use to be at school." She wanted to remove her boy from evil example.—Saith the Poet:

To duty firm, to conscience true,
However tried and pressed,
In God's clear sight
High work we do,
If we but do our best.

—Mr. W. T. Love and family, who have been residing in Washington City, have returned back to their old home here, welcomed by many friends. —The self made man is usually proud of a very bad job.—There several vessels on Scott's Ways for repairs.—Our young townsman Mr. John B. Culpepper, who has been spending some time in Washington City, has returned home.—Still more new buildings in progress.—Gregory's Rice Mill will be ready for operation in a few days.—The "Fisherman and Farmer" failed to appear last week.—The Play of "Captain Dick," at the Academy of Music on Tuesday night, was a grand success and was hugely enjoyed by an immense audience.—Mr. Reuben Davis has accepted a position in West Virginia for which he will leave in a few days—Miss Machie Bell, of Harlowe, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs C. W. Hussey.

The morning whistle of the mills,
Fills the town with business thrills.

—We had a call yesterday from Rev. W. S. Fitch, of Brooklyn, N. Y. He will succeed Rev. C. F. Hunter as pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church. His first sermon will be delivered at their new church on Sunday morning.—Mr. J. W. Sharber is taking out the front of the old building adjoining Fowler & Co.'s store on Water street in order to put in a modern one.—We acknowledge a visit last evening from H. Wilton Norma, of "The Cornucopia," of Norfolk.

MIDNIGHT FIRE AT NEWBERN.

The Newbern Daily Journal says of "The Midnight Fire" which is to be presented at the Academy of Music Friday night next: "Before an audiance which filled every seat in the theatre last night, 'The Midnight Fire' was presented. The play, an intensely interesting one, abounds in pretty love scenes, a good deal of bright, clean comedy and enough tradgedy to keep up the interest throughout until the final outcome, when right triumphs over wrong. The introduction of the fire scene with the leading male character a fire laddie, aided by a detail of firemen with reel, hose, ladders and all paraphernalia, provoked special interest and was splendidly handled. It is a spendid play and does not suffer in comparison with "Captain Dick;" in fact some liked it better, which is saying much, remembering the great success of that play. The same cast that appeared in "Captain Dick," with a few additions, will be seen in "Midnight Fire."

Ripans Tabules: at druggists.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.

Fortunes in Corn Stalks.

Farmers of the West at least will probably view with favor the fifty-million-dollar cornstalk trust which is being organized, it is stated, to make a market for the 250,000,000 tons of cornstalks that go to waste every year. The constalk is to be developed by the new trust into a commercial commodity, as cotton seed was a few yeas ago, and it is believed that "there are millions in it." According to the New York Commercial, our farmers have hitherto been throwing away $900,000,000 a year in stalks. The yeild of stalks averages three tons to the acre, the acr age averaging 80,000,000, and but a fraction of this is utilized as fodder. During the last 20 years our farmers have destroyed, it is estimated by the Commercial, $18,000,000,000 worth of their product—a value equal to the sum total of their mortgages plus the public debt. This sum the new trust proposes to enable the farmers to put in their pockets during the next score of years.

Six different commodities are now being manufactured from cornstalks, namely, cellulose, worth $400 a ton, used by the government as an automatic hole-stopper for battleships; excellent card-board, a fine grade of paper, an unequaled foundation for dynamite, a patent cattle food and a superior glue. The value of the hole-stopping cellulose lining for warships is well know. When a leak develops, the cellulose swells in such a manner as to automaticly close it. With 15 tons of stalks, worth $90, one ton of such cellulose is made, for which, as already stated, the government is now paying at the rate of $400 a ton. Two factories. one in Rockford, Ill., and another in Owensboro, Ky., are now making cornstalk cellulose, together with other products of less value.—N. Y. Marine Journal.

Bismark'l Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at Alex. Wadsworth's drug store.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Standard Pharmacy,
COR. ROAD & FEARING STS.
DEALERS IN
CHOICE DRUGS, DRUGGISTS' SUPPLIES.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded by a
Registered Pharmacist.

MELICK.
MATTINGS.
Straw and Cotton Warps, the largest stock of New Goods in town. Patterns the Choicest and Prices the Lowest.
CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS
Good Values in stock and the Dobson line of Samples to select from. You have a Phildelphia Stock at your disposal. We will Cut, Match, Make and Lay your carpets.
WINDOW SHADES
to suit you in Color, Style and Price. A very good one made of Oiled Linen with Fringe, on Spring Roller at 25 cents.
WALL PAPER.
Our stock is large and carefully selected. Prices Guaranteed and comparison desired. Samples sent.
FURNITURE.
We are the Oldest Dealers in town. If you do not know what we can do for you come and see.
MELICK, WATER ST.

Honest Weight and Measure
has brought me success in the Grocery business. Right here let me say that I have purchased the entire interest of my late partner, Mr. Berry, and will continue to fight on the line of
Pure and Fresh Groceries,
and merit your trade by square dealing, pure and fresh goods, polite attention and unselfish profits. I will constantly keep a supply of consisting of
FLOUR, MEAL,
HAMS, BACON.
MACKEREL, AND
a general supply of Butter, Lard, and Cheese.
Molases, Syrups, Sugar, Jams and and all Kinds of Jellies.
Coffees, Teas, Breakfast Hominy and Sausages in and out of season. It
Is the Best Policy
to always buy the best goods. I also keep Soaps for the Toilet, Kitchen and Laundry; Tobaccos, Snuff, Cigars and, in fact, we keep everything kept in a first-class Grocery for general family use. I buy for CASH and therefore can sell at LOW FIGURES. It will be money saved to trade with me. Give a call and be convinced.
C. F. Bliven,
MIAN STREET, NEAR WATER.

Valuable to Women.
Especially valuable to women is Browns' Iron Bitters. Backache vanishes, headache disappears, strength takes the place of weakness, and the glow of health readily comes to the pallid cheek when this wonderful remedy is taken. For sickly children or overworked men it has no equal. No home should be without this famous remedy. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Revival services are in progress at the Corner Stone Church.

The cake-walk fad seems to have reached here at last.

Rev. H. H. Norman has been spending a few days in Virginia.

Norfleet Benbury, of Edenton, is in the city to spend a few days

William Cherry spent a few days of last week in Norfolk.

Rev. J. A. Fleming returned on Monday from a brief trip to Ocean View, Va.

F. S. Lane is at home from Washington to spend a few days with relatives here.

John Bowe, one of the old soldiers who has been spending some time at the Soldiers' Home in Virginia, has returned.

Mrs. Annie Blount, of Edenton, is here to spend some time with her daughter, Mrs. S. P. Lyons

P. R. Lawrence, after spending the summer at Atlantic City, N. J., has returned.

William Brown has been nursing a sore arm for a week as a result of a too fond embrace by his pet bear.

As has already been announced, Bishop A. Walters, of the Virginia Conference, is expected in the city next Thursday. Preparations are being made for his reception and entertainment while here.

Rev. Willis Dempsey, formerly of this place but now of New York, is here on a visit to his former home.

Mrs. Susan Brown, living in Sawyertown, died very suddenly at her home Sunday morning.

Mrs. C B. Stubbs, Evangelist, from Wilmington, O., is holding meetings at the Court House every night These meetings will continue a couple of weeks.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Mr. J. T. Lamb, of this city, and Miss Rosa R. Douglass, of Hertford, the ceremony to take place next Thursday. Immediately thereafter they will take the train for this place where they will reside.

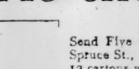
The Pasquotank County Teachers Association has issued an interesting programme to be rendered on the 28th inst. Among those to present papers are Misses A. M. Brochies and L. E. Riddick, Rev. Smith, Prof. Robinson and Capt. Mebane. For the success of the Association and the good of our schools, as well as the individual good to the teachers, all persons engaged in the work of teaching in the town and county are urged to become members.

The attendance at all the schools is very encouraging and shows a commendable interest in education. The passing of the sixth week at the State Normal shows an enrollment of one hundred students, representing sixteen counties and two States. The public school reports a number already in excess of the total enrollment during last session, while Roanoke Institute, the last to open, is also very liberally patronized.

One evening last week Noah Gray, John Ferebee and Ambrose Lee, three young men of more or less sporting proclivities, went down to Union Chapel and attempted to run the entertainment being held there according to their own idea. This not being in accord with that of parties in charge they were promptly ejected. During the altercation and fight which followed two of the participants were shot and one or two others slightly hurt. While these are nursing their wounds, the aforesaid young gentlemen are languishing in durance vile in default of a $1000 bond required of each for his appearance at the next court.

The State Colored Normal School,
—OF—
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.,
Offers excellent advantages to the youth of the Colored Race to receive thorough and practical training in the fundamental studies of the English branches The school aims to educate and train both sexes for teachers. Pedagogics, History of Education, Elements of Psychology, Drawing and Vocal Music are included in the course of instruction. Every teacher should know these branches. Tuition for the regular course is FREE Board, Fuel, Lights and Room range from $5 to $7 per month. The Fall Term will begin
September 4th, 1899.
Diplomas issued by State Superintendent Mebane will be granted to persons who complete the course of instruction. By the opening of the session $25 worth of good books will be put into the School Library, and some repairs done on the building. Catalogue on application
P. W. MOORE, A. M., Principal.

New Colored Merchant
When in need of Family Groceries, Confectioneries and Stationery, stop in and examine our New Fresh Stock of goods before making your purchase.
We carrry a nice line of Flour, Meal, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Meats, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Cheroots, Candies, Cheese, Crackers, Oil, Soap, Lye, Starch, Soda, Baking Powders, Tinware, Stationery. You would be astonished at our low prices for stationery. Every variety of Paper, Tablets, Pens, and Ink. Our terms are Cash or Barter. I run on the small profit and quick sale system. Give us a trial. Respectfully,
J. W. ROBINSON,
No. 175 S. Road St.,
Corn, Oats and Country Produce

FOR SALE!

30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE
the OLD FAIRGROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

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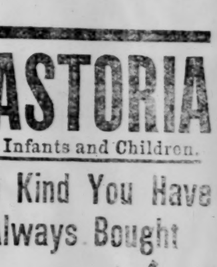
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad out and send to us and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by Freight, C.O.D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal in market to others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. Machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 35 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS TRIAL in your own home, and we will return you $5 of any one not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns in remote localities, offering unknown machines under various names at ridiculously low prices. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are reliable and who are not. We have every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF A FIRST CLASS HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE LATEST OF NOVELTIES. Made by the best makers in America, from the best material money can buy.
THE BURDICK



SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, plano polished case, one of the handsomest designs ever produced, closed head dropping from sight to form as a reader table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing; 4 finest drawers, half length nickeled trimmings, finest quality bobbin winder, adjustable by setting, patent tension adjuster, improved stop motion wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle, patent needle bar, latest thread cutter, ground head is handsomely decorated and beautifully nickel trimmed. GUARANTEED the highest running, most durable and easiest managed machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and no other plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20 Years' Binding Guarantee is sent with every machine. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $45.00, and then if convinced that you are saving $20.00 to $25.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO DAY DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable. Editor.)
$60.00, and then if convinced that you are saving $20.00 to $25.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50.
Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Carloads of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade, has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up to date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have second to any for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a-boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons
Ten Tabules for Five Cents.
This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.
If you don't find this sort of
Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

POSITIONS SECURED. May deposit money for tuition in bank till position is secured, or will accept notes. **Cheap** board. **Car fare paid.** No vacation Enter any time. Open for both sexes. Catalogue **free.** Write to-day.
DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS Colleges,
Nashville, Tenn. Galveston, Tex.
Savannah, Ga. Texarkana, Tex.
Indorsed by **merchants** and **bankers.** By far best patronized business colleges in South. Three months' bookkeeping with us equals **six** by the old plan. All commercial branches taught. For circulars explaining "Home Study Course," address "Department A," For college catalogue, address "Department

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Address WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.,
For circular of his famous and successful
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY
Awarded Medal at World's Exposition.
Refers to thousands of graduates in positions. Cost of Full Business Course, including Tuition, Books and Board in family, $40.00. Shorthand, Type-Writing, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Grammar, Spelling, Correspondence, Arithmetic, Etc., Etc. The Kentucky Penman, a handsomely illustrated monthly paper, sent free. No vacations. Enter any time. Send for catalogue. WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Africa has very nearly 700 languages, and this fact presents great difficulties to missionary effor .

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any ca e of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation m de by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Oh.o.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There are 30,000 Russians in London and 7000 in New York City.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

There are 1000 acres of sugar-beets in Onondaga County, N. Y.

No Cure, No Pay.

Is the way Findley's Eye Salve is sold. Chronic and granulated lids cured in 30 days; common sore eyes in 3 days, or money back for the asking. Sold by all druggists, or by mail, 25c. box. J. P. HAYNES, Decatur, Texas.

The golf craze has struck Constantinople Turkey.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

In 1897 there were seventy-one suicides in Maine and of these all but thirteen were men.

"A Gentle Wind of Western Birth"

Tells no sweeter story to humanity than the announcement that the health-giver and health-bringer, Hood's Sarsaparilla, tells of the birth of an era of good health. It is the one reliable specific for the cure of all blood, stomach and liver troubles.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

RHEUMATISM CURED—Sample bottle, 4 days' treatment, postpaid, 10 cents. ALEXANDER REMEDY CO., 260 Greenwich St., N.Y.

How She "Guides" Them.

There is a jolly mother in Brooklyn who has several grown up sons boarding at home with her, and they declare she wants to "boss" them all the time, just as if they were children. She laughingly repudiates their charge, and declares that she merely wishes to advise and guide them, but has long ago ceased to rule them. Here is an example of the way she "guides" them:

At dinner the other night a big meat pie and a small roast duck were brought on together. The duck was intended for the father, principally. The boys were death on duck, their mother well knew, but it would not make a mouthful apiece for them, so, addressing the boy who sat nearest her, she said, "Which will you have, Bobbie, duck or pie?" and at once began cutting the pie.

"Duck!" said Bobbie promptly.

"No, Bobbie," answered his mother cheerfully. "You can't have duck, dear. Take your choice, my son, take your choice—but you can't have duck!"—New York Tribune.

Dewey's Bearing as a Boy.

A growing appetite was not sufficient to make George Dewey a chunky boy, however, by any means. He was small for his years and his activity kept him thin. The figure that this little Vermonter presented in those days is a winsome one, as it is painted by those who knew him. Dark eyes flashed from a brown, intelligent countenance that was always beaming with good nature and youthful plausibility. An erect bearing and an air of command well became him. It would seem that he was always meditating a mischief or an exploit of which he was himself the centre figure and his chums his faithful satellites. "He was a pompous little fellow," one of his old companions asserts. "His head was up and he patronized us a bit, and how we liked it! I can see him now with that bright eye, a smile on his lips and his hands in his pockets, coming whistling along the street. His nature was fun-loving, yet lovable. The boy did some reckless things, but never a mean one."—New York Mail and Express.

Mourns For His Leg.

An old soldier in a Michigan town, who had a leg amputated ten years ago, had it buried in a coffin in the cemetery and funeral services held over it, at which he wept profusely. Ever since then, all through the summer months he has placed flowers each week upon the grave.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

The first elevator was built in 1850, using worm gears.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. LOTZ, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1895.

Attempts are being made in Berlin to introduce electric omnibuses.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

In Paris the cost of the current for the electric cabs is about ninety cents per day.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

The best remedy for Consumption. Cures Coughs, Colds, Grippe, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping-cough, Croup. Small doses; quick, sure results. *Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. Trial, 25 for 5c.*

Beautiful Fan Made by Filipinos.

One scarcely thinks that the Filipinos are capable of dainty work, but Miss Augusta Akmeyer, of St. Louis, has received from Manila a fan for which for beauty rivals anything of the kind ever devised by the artistic Japanese.

The fan is made to fold. The handle and separating parts are made of frail ivory, daintily carved. Inserted into the end of each is the feather of a swan, at the end of which is the gorgeous tip of a peacock feather, altogether forming an attractively beautiful blending of natural colors. Perhaps the most beautiful piece of work in the construction of the fan lies in the swan feathers. Woven into these slender feathers are variegated threads, forming fantastic figuring of flowers, personages and leaves. In the centre of the right side of the fan is woven among the feathers a picture representing a man and a woman picking fruit. Into this one picture alone is introduced an amazing woof of colors, varied as those of the rainbow, causing one to marvel how such a variety of threads could be woven so intricately and with such perfect precision upon the slender swan feathers. About these figures are clustered vari-colored flowers and leaves, the latter being of a pure white silk, while the former are made of silks of many hues. Upon the reverse side of the feathers are also innumerable woven flowers and leaves. The work is evidently that of some past master in the art.

The Way of College Girls.

The way in which college girls manage to obey the exact letter of the law and still do as they please, is often quite interesting. In one college a party of the students had planned to go away on a tramping expedition one day, and taking their luncheon with them, to eat it out of doors. They were under no necessity of taking a chaperon, but one of the authorities told them they must be sure to be in sight of a house when they sat down to dine, for it would be dangerous for them to wander out of sight of human habitation anyway. That hardly suited them, for their plans had included a ramble off into the woodsy solitudes. They managed to reconcile the seemingly conflicting plans by selecting as their lunching ground a spot in the clearing whence they could look off to the mountains and obtain a fine view of the mountain house, although it was eight miles away.—New York Sun.

Bobby Went to the Circus.

"Mamma," said Bobby the other day when he came home from school, "has irony anything to do with you?"

"Nothing whatever, Bobby; irony means that we mean the opposite of what we say."

Bobby thought a moment, and continued:

"I don't love you just a cent's worth, mamma. Is that irony?"

"I suppose so," replied his mother, with a smile that she didn't attempt to repress.

"Then," said Bobby, with an air of triumph, "wasn't it irony when you said, the day before yesterday, that you wouldn't give one a quarter to buy a ticket for the circus to-day?"

Whether it was or not, he went to the circus that afternoon.—Harper's Bazar.

Curious Facts Regarding Sunshine.

Statistics obtained by sunshine recorders are interesting. Some curious facts have been recently published by the French Meteorological Bureau at Paris. Spain has 3000 hours of sunshine a year; Italy, 2700; France, 2600; Germany has 1700, while England has but 1400. The average fall of rain in the latter country is greater than that in any other European country. In the northern part and on the high plateaus of Scotland about 351 inches of rain fall a year, and London is said to have an average of 178 rainy days in the year and fully ten times the quantity of rain that falls on Paris.

A Local Improvement.

Among the local improvements we note that the Hon. T. Jefferson Sparks has had his shoes varnished.—The Bushnell (Ill.) Record.

THE very word "operation" strikes terror to a woman's soul.

Nearly always these operations become necessary through neglect.

If the menses are very painful, or too frequent and excessive, get the right advice at once and stop taking chances. It will cost you nothing for advice if you write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for it, and if you let the trouble run along it will surely cost you a great deal of pain and may mean an operation.

WOMEN AVOID OPERATIONS

MISS SARAH J. GRAHAM, Sheridanville, Pa., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I had suffered for several years with female troubles and doctored until I was discouraged. I felt wretched and tired of living. I had disease of kidneys, bladder trouble, dropsy and bloating, had womb trouble and a large tumor had formed; in fact all my organs were out of fix.

"Seeing a woman's letter praising your remedies, I wrote to her and she begged of me to try it, telling me all that it had done for her. I bought six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now cannot express my gratitude to you. The tumor began to come away in pieces and I got better all the time. I believe now that I am entirely cured.

"My doctors could not believe it at first, as they all had told me that my case was a hopeless one, and no human power could do me any good. They were astounded. If I can say anything that can help other women, I shall be glad to."

It is not safe to wait until the last moment. Head off trouble by prompt attention to it. Don't be satisfied without Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

MILLIONS HONORED THE NATION'S HERO.

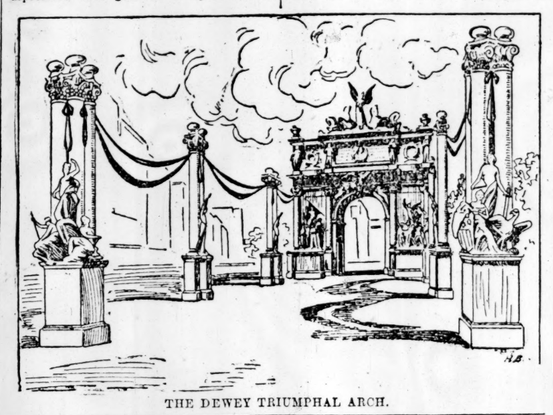
New York City's Reception to Admiral Dewey the Greatest Popular Demonstration of the Century to a Living American.

GREAT MARINE PAGEANT

River Parade in Honor of the Admiral's Return a Most Magnificent Scene—Wild Enthusiasm Prevailed.

BRILLIANT LAND PARADE.

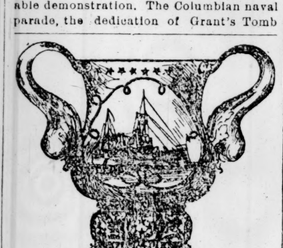
Over Thirty-Five Thousand Soldiers Marched Through a Human Wall Seven Miles Long.



THE DEWEY TRIUMPHAL ARCH.

Mayor Van Wyck Presented the Freedom of New York City to Admiral Dewey—Hero's Modest Reply to the Mayor's Speech—Over a Thousand Ships Were in the Naval Parade Which the Admiral Reviewed at Grant's Tomb—The Land Pageant the Greatest Ever Held in New York City—Three Millions of People Cheered the Soldiers and Sailors—Dewey is Presented With a Loving Cup—School Children Pay Homage to the Admiral—Scene Near the Reviewing Stand—Olympia's Crew Feted.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—In the van of the most magnificent marine pageant that ever swept the waters of an American harbor, Admiral George Dewey steamed Friday in his renowned Olympia, while millions of his countrymen lined the historic shores and cheered until their throats were sore for the sailor man from Vermont. New York City has never witnessed before anything approaching this wonderful, remarkable demonstration. The Columbian naval parade, the dedication of Grant's Tomb



LOVING CUP PRESENTED TO ADMIRAL DEWEY BY THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

and the reception of the North Atlantic Squadron last fall, all pale before this gigantic ovation to the sailor who, in a single morning destroyed an enemy's fleet without the loss of a man or a ship. It is not beyond the mark to say that 3,000,000 people viewed the pageant from ashore, and that a quarter of a million were afloat.

For a marine show there could not have been finer weather. The day dawned bright, and a brisk breeze blew all day long. Clouds scurried over the sky, and one of these brought a slight shower, just after the parade started, and as Admiral Dewey's flagship swept up past the Battery a brilliant rainbow spanned the North River from shore to shore. Thousands saw the refulgent spectacle in the sky, declared it was "Dewey luck," and rejoiced that the Admiral was sailing to the great review literally beneath a rainbow of promise.

Two o'clock was the time set for the start, but by eleven the great fleet of excursion boats had dropped away from North and East River piers, and were collected around the grim warships that rode at anchor off Tompkinsville. Aboard the Olympia it had been a busy morning. Quite early the city representatives, headed by Mayor Van Wyck, journeyed to Tompkinsville on the Sandy Hook, and the official call was made on the Admiral.

Mayor Van Wyck stepped aboard the war vessel just as six bells were sounding. It was 11 o'clock. The Admiral grasped the Mayor's hand with both of his. After leaving the quarter deck the party, reinforced by Captain Lamberton, Lieutenant Brumby, Ensign Caldwell and other officers of the Olympia, went to the Admiral's cabin.

The Admiral nervously twisted a handkerchief in his hand as the Mayor spoke:

"Admiral Dewey, with pleasure, and by direction of the city of New York, I meet you at her magnificent gateway, to extend to you, in her name and of her million visitors, leading citizens of forty-five States, representing almost every hamlet in the nation, a most cordial welcome, congratulating you upon being restored to family and home.

"A loving and grateful nation is gladdened by your safe return from the most remarkable voyage of history, so far-reaching in its results that the clearest mind cannot yet penetrate to their end. It has already softened the voices of other nations in speaking of ours; changed permanently the map of the world; enlarged the field of American pride and completed the circle of empire in its westward course. Your courage, skill and wisdom, exhibited in a single naval engagement of a few hours, brought victory to your country's arms, and then you dealt with your country's new relations to the world with the judgment of a trained diplomat.

"By common consent you have been declared warrior and statesman, one who wears the military uniform until the enemy surrenders, and then dons the habit of the diplomat. The greatest reception awaits you that was ever tendered military or civil hero. Such an outpouring of the people was never dreamed of before. Never has the heart of America turned with such perfect accord and trusting confidence to one of her sons as it does to you. I place at your disposal the freedom and unlimited hospitality of the city of New York."

The Admiral replied to the Mayor:

"Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen: Of course it would be needless for me to attempt to make a speech, but my heart appreciates all that you have said. How it is that you have overrated my work so much I cannot understand. It is beyond anything I can conceive of why there should be such an uprising of the country. I simply did what any other naval officer in the service would have done, I believe."

After the Mayor had been aboard the flagship about twenty minutes he and his party, with Admiral Dewey, took the Admiral's launch and steamed over to the Sandy Hook. The Admiral boarded the Sandy Hook at 11.20 a. m., and when he returned to the flagship the great fleet of excursion boats let their sirens and steam whistles loose.

Immediately after Admiral Dewey returned from the Sandy Hook, the wigwagger on the bridge signaled the fleet to prepare to get under way. An old quartermaster hurried a small dark roll of bunting to the main, hand over fist. It hung there while the bugle sounded the call to quarters, and the marines mustered aft. Then, just as the signal to weigh anchor was given, a pull on the halyards opened the roll and spread the four-starred flag, which Farragut flew as he ran the fort in New Orleans. It was the flag which was presented to Admiral Dewey.

As it broke, sailors at their station and the marines on the quarter deck, greeted it with enthusiastic cheering.

This was the order of the leading vessels in the parade:

Police boat Patrol.
Fireboats New Yorker and Van Wyck.
Olympia, protected cruiser, flagship of Admiral Dewey.
Sandy Hook, carrying the Mayor and other city officials.
New York, armored cruiser, flagship of Rear-Admiral Simpson.
Indiana, battleship, first-class.
Massachusetts, battleship, first-class.
Texas, battleship, second-class.
Brooklyn, armored cruiser.
Torpedo boats Porter and Dupont.
Marietta, gunboat.
Lancaster, gunnery ship, full rigged.
Scorpion, auxiliary cruiser.
Chicago, protected cruiser, flagship of Rear-Admiral Howison.
The torpedo boats Ericsson, Winslow and Cushing.
Revenue cutters Manning, Algonquin Gresham, Windom and Onondaga.
Transports Sedgwick, McPherson and McClellan; Missouri, hospital ship.
Steamer Monmouth flying flag of the State of New York and having on board representatives of the Naval Militia of New York. The Monmouth was followed by other vessels of the Naval Militia.
General Slocum and Glen Island having on board the General Committee of Citizens.

After this came the yachts, then the merchant vessels and last the smaller craft. It is estimated that there were over a thousand ships in the parade.

The ships slowly sailed up the Hudson, the entire fleet being grouped in a most picturesque position. Both shores were lined with dense masses of people, and saluting batteries were on nearly every wharf and. Steam whistles added to the din, but above all came the tremendous crashing music of the cheers. Admiral Dewey never left his place on the bridge, but paced slowly across and back, raising his hat as the cannon boomed in his honor. As the tomb of General Grant, on Riverside Drive, was reached the fleet paid its tribute to the memory of the warrior with a national salute of twenty-one roaring guns.

The fleet then anchored and reviewed the almost endless procession of craft that steamed past, all so burdened with humanity that they looked as if they would "turn turtle" before they got back to their piers. Toward the end the parade became disorganized, and it took hours for the heterogenous flotilla to get by. There was a dazzling illumination at night of the harbor, the city and the shores of the Hudson, the East River and New York Bay. The illumination was carried out on a scale which, it is said, had never previously been attempted in this country.

As Admiral Dewey conquered afloat on Friday so he conquered ashore on Saturday. The land pageant overtopped even the colossal welcome when Admiral Dewey on the day before steamed up the harbor and anchored off Riverside.

An Admiral first in the hearts of his countrymen, three millions of cheering citizens, a city decked in color from end to end, a long parade of fighting men—brave characters in the army, the navy and the volunteers—to do the hero honor, a historic review at the splendid arch erected in honor of the guest of the city and the idol of the day—these were the distinguishing features of the closing chapter of this the greatest popular demonstration of the century to a living American. It was a wonderful day in many senses of the word.

The Admiral's day began with "colors." That is to say, he was up with the sun. His old habit of being at places sooner than he is looked for continued to arouse comment. He was at the Battery ahead of time. Escorted by Squadron A he arrived at the City Hall, where he was expected at nine o'clock, just twenty minutes ahead of time. Here he received the city's five thousand dollar gold loving cup.

At the cup presentation, at which Mayor Van Wyck made a dignified and impressive speech, the Admiral's modesty again came prominently to notice. He accepted the cup in a voice that shook with emotion, and turning to his Manila captains—Wildes, Coghlan, Dyer, Lamberton, Walker and Wood—who were grouped about him, said with a wave of his hand:

"These are the men that did it. Without them I could not have done what I did."

A few moments after the Admiral's party had left the City Hall over two thousand school children marched in front of the reviewing stand in a column of fours, all dressed in patriotic colors and all carrying flags. They had come too late, but they were not to be deprived of an opportunity to sing their welcoming songs. They climbed into the big empty stands and for twenty minutes filled the air with melody.

When the Admiral had received the loving cup he was escorted to the foot of Warren street, where the steamer Sandy Hook was waiting to carry him and his party to the starting point of the parade, near Grant's Tomb. Upon Admiral Dewey's arrival at Grant's Tomb there was a blare of trumpets, and for a moment a hundred bands were playing "Hail to the Chief," but so tremendous was the cheering that only once in a while could the air be defined.

It was exactly 11.20 o'clock when the grand parade started. At its head marched a battalion of 250 sailors and marines from the Olympia. In the rear of their column they carried along one of the rapid-fire guns from the fighting tops of one mast. It was dragged by twenty-four sailors, after the manner of the old volunteer fire brigade. Then came in the line the blue-and jackies that fought at Santiago and following them the warriors of the shore from East and West, North and South.

More than thirty-five thousand men were in the procession. Fifteen States sent their sturdy sons to meet the great Admiral, and the governors of a dozen of these led their men. It was a grand sight at any point, and the unarmed veterans that brought up the rear received almost as much of an ovation as did the fighting sailors at the head of the line.

The Admiral's progress from the tomb of Grant to the reviewing stand was literally one of glorious triumph. He rode near the head of the procession with Mayor Van Wyck. The cheers with which he was greeted made him ride bareheaded most of the way. He was visibly affected. Now and then his lips twitched convulsively and occasionally he wiped his eyes.

Behind Dewey in carriages came his fighting captains of May 1, 1898, and then his staff. After them came Rear-Admiral Sampson and his staff, the captains of the North Atlantic Squadron. Then Rear-Admiral Howison and his staff, followed by a general collection of guests, among whom were Major-General Miles and Rear-Admiral Schley.

To Rear-Admiral Sampson, who looked ill and careworn, a warm reception was given, but like ovation tendered to Rear-Admiral Schley was continuous, warm and hearty.

Just before the procession turned into Fifth avenue and along the green-terraced edge of Central Park was the wonderful memorial. On a stand fully 250 feet long letters of living color read: "Welcome Dewey," and close alongside was a national banner wonderfully wrought. It was all made up of pupils of the public schools, so attired and grouped that the letters of the welcome inscription were perfect and the stripes, stars and field of the banner stayed like a grand ensign in a homeward breeze. To this living picture the Admiral bowed again and again, and his eyes glistened when the child voices blended in sweet harmony and welcomed the nation's guests with a beautiful rendition of "See The Conquering Hero Comes!"

The reviewing stand was a thing of beauty, for besides the lavish decorations of bunting nature's fairest domain had been invaded and despoiled of 20,000 bride roses that the nation's most famous man might receive fitting incense as he reviewed the marching men.

The day was full of incident and every incident was pregnant with honors for Dewey. After he had ridden for five miles at the head of the greatest land parade New York City has ever seen and had stood for hours watching the brilliant procession of soldiers and sailors until the last man had passed beneath the Arch of Triumph he turned to Mayor Van Wyck and said:

"This is too much for one man. My people are giving me more honor than I deserve."

He was dazed at the magnitude of the celebration in his honor. The naval parade had prepared him to expect a grand demonstration, but this reception on shore, when all the city folk and visitors could get close enough to him to see every expression of his face and hear his voice and feed their enthusiasm on this very nearness to their hero, went far to surpass the wildest ideas he had formed of what the country had in store for him.

At night the jolly tars from the Olympia and their brethren from the other ships were petted by society, for the smoker at the Waldorf-Astoria was a huge success and the sturdy guests were entertained in a way that will never be forgotten by any of them.

The sailors of the Olympia who fought at Manila received the medals of honor voted to them by Congress for their valor in time to wear for the land parade. The presentation was made by Captain Lamberton, Admiral Dewey looking on. Very simple was the ceremony, the men stepping from the ranks as their names were called and receiving from the hands of their commander the highly prized bits of bronze which Congress has awarded to them for their conduct during the fight.

WRECK OF THE SCOTSMAN.

Crew Became Drunk and Looted Passengers' Baggage.

RIMOUSKI, Quebec (Special).—The steamer Montfort, carrying 249 of the passengers of the wrecked steamer Scotsman, of the Dominion Line, arrived here and reported that fifteen passengers were drowned. The wreck occurred at Change Island. The steamer Monterey took off nine steerage passengers and forty-five of the crew, and fifty-six second class and steerage passengers were left on the island.

The list of those who perished is as follows: Mrs. Childs, of the "Sign of the Cross" company; Mrs. Dickinson, of Toronto; Mrs. Robinson, of Toronto; Miss Robinson, Mrs. Roberts and infant; Mrs. M. Scott, Miss Street, of Montreal; Mrs. Skelton, Mrs. Talbot, Mrs. Tuthill, Mrs. Eliza Watkins and Miss B. Weavers.

The Scotsman struck with such violence that her hull crunched and shivered from bow to stern, and as there was a heavy sea running the officers immediately ordered all the boats out, because it was feared that the Scotsman might slip off the sandbank and sink. The women and children were packed in the first available boats, but the sea was so heavy that one of them was swamped, and it was due to this that so many women were lost.

As soon as the ship struck the crew invaded the cabins and sacked all the baggage. They became drunk and held high carnival all night, singing and dancing and insulting the helpless passengers, while the officers were utterly unable to restrain them.

Crew of Seven Drowned.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Horace Wellman, a Bermuda negro, fifteen years old, is the only survivor of a crew of eight of the schooner Herald of the Morning. Horace was picked up on the dismantled schooner by Captain Thomas James and the crew of the bark Harry Merryday, which arrived here. He was rescued after six days of torture seldom equalled in stories from the sea.

The Herald of the Morning sailed from Hamilton, Bermuda, for Jacksonville, September 7. Six days out she encountered a hurricane. After crew did not have time to shorten sail, and a high rolling waves swept over her deck, filling her with water and capsizing the little vessel. The captain and six of his men were drowned.

CAPTAIN CARTER ARRESTED.

President Approves the Court-Martial Sentence—Dismissed From the Army.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The case of Captain Oberlin M. Carter, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, has been settled by President McKinley approving the sentence imposed by the court-martial in the case, which was that he be dismissed from the United States service, fined $5000, confined at hard labor, at such place as the proper authority may direct, for five years, and the crime, punishment, name and place of abode of the accused to be published in the newspapers in and about the station in the State from which the accused came, or where he usually resides.

Captain Carter was arrested in New York City, at the Athletic Club, by Assistant Adjutant-General Simpson, who went over to New York especially for the purpose. Carter was taken to Governor's Island and placed in a cell. He will serve his sentence in the United States Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., which was designated as the place of confinement by the special order announcing his dismissal from the army.

Captain Carter was the star graduate of the class of 1876 at the West Point Military Academy, and as a reward for his proficiency was appointed a lieutenant in the elite corps of engineers in the army. After serving with marked efficiency at half a dozen posts he was assigned to the harbor of Savannah.

Captain C. E. Gillette, who succeeded Carter at Savannah, discovered the irregularities and filed the charges which ended in the disgrace of a remarkably brilliant young man. The court-martial in his case was ordered December 6, 1897, convened January 12, 1898, and the trial ended May 12, 1898.

FILIPINOS RELEASE PRISONERS.

Aguinaldo Sends Envoys to Manila, But Without Result.

MANILA (By Cable).—Fourteen Americans who have been held as prisoners by the Filipinos, accompanied by three Filipino commissioners, entered the American lines at Angeles under a flag of true. All the officers on the staffs of Generals MacArthur, Wheeler and Wheaton escorted the party to the railroad station, where a special train was made up to take them to Manila.

Brigadier-General Alejandro, Colonel Sorino and Major Ortud, the Filipino commissioners, had an interview with Major-General Otis. The conference lasted fifty-five minutes. The rebel envoys were extremely diplomatic regarding the real object of their mission, but General Otis said he thought their visit was due to a desire to pave the way for or to obtain his consent to receive a political delegation. The commissioners made the usual attempt to obtain recognition of the so-called Filipino Congress, but this, of course, was refused.

The Americans who had been held as prisoners were dressed in new Filipino light blue uniforms, with canvas shoes and hats. They looked well and hearty and their appearance indicated that they had been well treated.

The released prisoners were cheered by the Americans all the way to Manila. The soldiers crowded up to the cars as the train stopped at San Fernando and gave the men a great reception.

The surrendered prisoners are Sergeant James Boyle, Corporal E. C. Drew, Privates Joseph McElrath, William Miller, John Cranshaw and Thomas Daly, of the Sixteenth Infantry; Corporal Otto Sheu and Privates Otto Wagner, Albert Rubeck and Peter Rollings, of the Third Infantry; Private Paul Spillane, of the Ninth Infantry; Private L. Ford, of the Fourth Infantry, and George Graham and Charles Wilander, both civilians.

THE REAL ISSUE.

Some say "Free silver is a curse,"
Some think it is the nation's hope;
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Unique Fishing Experience.

A well known Albany angler had a unique experience last summer trout fishing up in Canada. He was sent out from camp to catch a mess for supper. He was fishing with three flies on a single leader. At the first cast his fly was taken by a good-sized trout that leaped from the water to grab it. He evidently got the leader on a "slack" before the line was tightened from the rod, as he snapped it off and went swimming away with the two flies and broken leader trailing behind. Next day the angler revisited the lake, and as he was looking over the side of the boat he espied in ten or fifteen feet of water the big trout that had taken his leader the night before. A closer examination revealed that his troutship was safely hitched to the dead branch of a tree which had fallen into the water. In swimming about one of the two free hooks on the leader had caught in the branch and that ended the migrations of the trout still firmly hooked by the fly he had grabbed.

Rowing ashore the angler stripped and dove for his prize. He secured it and a piece of the branch, and to-day has the stuffed trout with hook still in his jaw and the other hook imbedded in the broken branch mounted as a piscatorial study and souvenir of the incident.—Albany (N. Y.) Argus.

An Invitation to the Queen.

Queen Victoria was very accessible while in the Highlands, and says Mainly About People, it not frequently happens that when her majesty visits one of her old frieds among the village cronies the weather turns cool and stormy, and on such occasions when the queen prepares to depart she will be greeted thus:

"'Deed, ma'm, and you'll no gang awa till ye tak a cup o' tea to warm ye against cold."

Fleas May Disseminate the Plague.

A French observer has come to the conclusion that the bubonic plague is widely disseminated by fleas. As the result of a series of experiments, he affirms that fleas taken from infected rats can communicate the disease to healthy rats, which in their turn become centres of infection.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

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A CURE FOR ALL Summer Complaints, DYSENTERY, DIARRHEA, CHOLERA MORBUS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach or bowels will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

INTERNALLY—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all Internal pains.

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There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Price, 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

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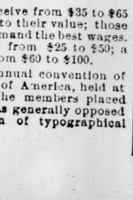
Ayer's Pills



Is your breath bad? Then your best friends turn their heads aside. A bad breath means a bad liver. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache. 25c. All druggists.

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Burglars Kill an Aged German.

Alexander Wustlich, an aged and wealthy German of Stockdale, Penn., was killed, and his wife was fatally wounded by burglars a few days ago. Two negroes were arrested on suspicion. Threats of lynching the prisoners were made.

Small Tornado Unroofs Buildings.

A tornado about 150 yards wide developed near Eatontown, N. J., a few days ago, and swept as far as West Red Bank. A number of small buildings were unroofed and some were blown down. No great amount of damage was done.

The National Game.

The National League never was stronger in left fielders than it is this year.

Too much bases on balls has been one of the leading weaknesses of the New York team this year.

Hickman, it is said, hits the ball almost as hard as Lajoie. Neither of them has much the best of Hans Wagner in this respect.

Young blood seems to be the fashion just now, but the team that has done the best playing this year—the Brooklyns—has had very little of it.

Pitcher Young, of St. Louis, has made a new record for the box by scoring three successive shutouts and pitching thirty innings without a run for his opponents.

The Boston team has tried eight pitchers this season—and still it is only fairly strong in the pitching department.

Manager Bancroft says that the Cincinnatis would have stood an equal chance with Brooklyn and Boston to win the championship had Beckley and McBride not been injured.

Opinions may differ regarding the efficacy of the new throwing to first balk rule, but certain it is that there is more starting for second than there used to be, and the game is enlivened in consequence.

What with Tenney and Lewis, of the Bostons; Lauder, Goeckel and Thomas, of the Phillies; Fultz, of the